#### INTERGOVERNMENTAL OCEANOGRAPHIC COMMISSION (of UNESCO)

# Fourteenth Session of the Intergovernmental Coordination Group for the Indian Ocean Tsunami Warning and Mitigation System (ICG/IOTWMS-XIV)

Jakarta, Indonesia, 17-19 November 2024

#### **National Report of Malaysia**

Page 1: Overview

Q1 Consent: I have read the above information and wish to proceed.	Confirm by clicking the checkbox
Q2 Please select your country from the list below:	Malaysia
Page 2: PART I: Basic Information	
Q3	
TNC Name:	
MUHAMMAD HELMI BIN ABDULLAH	
Q4	
Position:	
DIRECTOR GENERAL	
Q5	
Organisation:	
MALAYSIAN METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT	
Q6	
Telephone Number:	

Q7
E-mail Address:
dgmet@met.gov.my
Q8
Fax Number:
Q9
Postal Address:
Malaysian Meteorological Department Jalan Sultan 46667, Petaling Jaya, Selangor. Malaysia
Page 3: PART I: Basic Information
Q10
NTWC Agency Name:
MALAYSIAN METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT
Q11
NTWC URL (web link) for tsunami warnings:
www.met.gov.my
Q12
NTWC Agency Contact or Officer in Charge (person):
Mr. Maqrun Fadzli bin Mohd Fahmi
Q13
Position:
Director
Q14
Telephone Number:

Q15	
E-mail Address:	
maqrun@met.gov.my	
Q16	
Postal Address:	
Malaysian Meteorological Department Jalan Sultan 46667, Petaling Jaya, Selangor. Malaysia	
Q17	Yes
3a) Is your Tsunami Warning Focal Point (TWFP) the same as your National Tsunami Warning Centre (NTWC) agency?The TWFP is the 24 x 7 point of contact (office, operational unit or position, not a person) officially designated by the NTWC or the government to receive and disseminate tsunami information from an ICG Tsunami Service Provider according to established national Standard Operating Procedures. The TWFP may or not be the NTWC.	
Page 4: PART I: Basic Information	
Q18	Respondent skipped this question
TWFP Agency Name (if different from the NTWC Agency):	
Q19	Respondent skipped this question
Name:	
Q20	Respondent skipped this question
Position:	
Q21	Respondent skipped this question
Telephone Number:	
Q22	Respondent skipped this question
E-mail Address:	
Q23	Respondent skipped this question
Postal Address:	

Page 5: PART I: Basic Information
Q24
TWFP 24x7 point of contact (office, operational unit or position, not a person):
National Weather and Geophysics Operation Centre
Q25
E-mail Address:
Q26
Telephone Number:
Q27
Cellular Telephone Number:
Q28
Fax:
Page 6: PART I: Basic Information

**Q29** Yes

3d) Has your country appointed a Tsunami Ready Focal Point (TRFP)? The TRFP is a person from the Disaster Management (DMO) or similar institution that:- Acts as a national advocate for national implementation of the Tsunami Ready Recognition Programme (TRRP) or a recognised similar initiative to help make at-risk communities prepared and resilient to any tsunami threat within their Member State.- Actively contributes to the national implementation of TRRP or a recognised similar initiative.- Routinely update UNESCO-IOC ICG/IOTWMS on the status of the national implementation of the TRRP or a recognised similar initiative. - Informs relevant national authorities and orgaisations involved in the implementation of TRRP or a recongised similar initiative on any information and/or updates provided by UNESCO-IOC on activities related to making at risk communities Tsunami Ready.

Q30
If yes, please provide their details below:Name of the TRFP:
Ms. Siti Mariam Binti Abu
Q31
Position:
Principal Assistant Director
Fillicipal Assistant Director
Q32
Agency:
National Disaster Management Agency
Q33
Telephone Number:
Q34
E-mail Address:
sitimariam@nadma.gov.my
Q35
Postal Address:
Agensi Pengurusan Bencana Negara (NADMA),
Jabatan Perdana Menteri,
Aras B1, 6 dan 7, Setia Perkasa 5, Kompleks Setia Perkasa,
Pusat Pentadbiran Kerajaan Persekutuan,
62502 WP Putrajaya Malaysia
Page 7: PART II: Hazard Assessment
Q36 Yes
4a) Has your country undertaken a hazard assessment?

Page 8: PART II: Hazard Assessment

#### **Q37**

#### Multi-hazard assessment including tsunami

4b) What type of hazard assessment has been carried out?

Page 9: PART II: Hazard Assessment

**Q38** 

Tsunami,

4c) What type of multi-hazard assessment has been carried out? (select all that apply)

**Earthquakes** 

Page 10: PART II: Hazard Assessment

Q39

**National Agency** 

4d) Who did the tsunami hazard assessment in your country? (select all that apply)

Q40

National Level,

4e) At what level was the tsunami hazard assessment carried out? (select all that apply)

Regional Level,

Other (please specify): District (Tawau, Sabah)

#### Q41

4f) Which coastal areas have been mapped for tsunami hazard? Please include the names of the Region / City and an approximation of the percentage mapped.

- i) Category 1 (High Risk):
  - a) Coastal area of Northern Peninsular Malaysia
  - b) Coastal area of Eastern and Western part of Sabah, Malaysia
- ii) Category 2 (Low Risk):
  - a) Coastal area of Eastern Peninsular Malaysia
  - b) Coastal area of Sarawak, Malaysia

#### Q42

4g) For each of the data types listed below (in rows), answer the two questions (in columns). Select Yes / No / Don't know from the drop-down menu.

	Was this data used for tsunami hazard assessment?	Is this data publicly available?
Bathymetry	Yes	No
Seismo-tectonic model	Yes	Yes
Topography	Yes	No
Land Cover	Yes	No
Infrastructure details	Yes	No

Other data used (please specify):

No

Q43 Field Studies on Tsunami Impacts,

4h) What products do you have from the tsunami hazard assessment? (select all that apply)

Guidelines (please specify below)

Page 11: PART II: Hazard Assessment

#### Q44

4i) On a scale of 1 (Very poor) to 5 (Very good), please rate your country's capability to undertake tsunami hazard assessment

Capacity to undertake tsunami hazard assessment

Good

Hazard map,

#### Q45

4j) On a scale of 1 (Not a priority) to 5 (Essential), what is the priority level in your country to improve capacity in the following areas of tsunami hazard assessment?

Probabilistic Tsunami Hazard Assessment (PTHA)

High priority

Deterministic Tsunami Hazard Analysis

High priority

All the above.

require improvement?

#### Q46

4k) On a scale of 1 (No capacity) to 5 (Very good), what capacity does your country have to give training and/or consultancy on tsunami hazard assessment to other countries?

Probabilistic Tsunami Hazard Assessment (PTHA) Moderate

Deterministic Tsunami Hazard Analysis Moderate

Field Studies on Tsunami Impacts Moderate

Hazard map Moderate

Inundation map Moderate

Evacuation map Moderate

Please provide the name(s) and contact detail(s) of any individuals / institutions in your country that could provide this training / consultancy

Ms. Lucia Enggong lucia@met.gov.my

Page 12: PART II: Risk Assessment

Q47 Yes

5a) Has your country undertaken a tsunami risk assessment?

Page 13: PART II: Risk Assessment

Q48 Multi-hazard risk assessment including tsunami

5b) What type of risk assessment?

Page 14: PART II: Risk Assessment

Q49 Tsunami,

5c) What hazards have been considered in your multihazard risk assessment? (select all that apply) Earthquakes

Page 15: PART II: Risk Assessment

Q50 National Agency,

5d) Who did the tsunami risk assessment in your country? (select all that apply)

Please specify the name(s) of the agency(ies):
Academy of Sciences Malaysia, Department of Irrigation and Drainage

Q51 National Level,

5e) At what level was the tsunami risk assessment carried out? (select all that apply)

Other (please specify): District (Tawau, Sabah)

#### **Q52**

- 5f) Which coastal areas have been tsunami risk mapped? Please include the names of the Region / City and an approximation of the overall national percentage of risk prone areas mapped.
- i) Category 1 (High Risk):
  - a) Coastal area of Northern Peninsular Malaysia
  - b) Coastal area of Eastern and Western part of Sabah, Malaysia
- ii) Category 2 (Low Risk):
  - a) Coastal area of Eastern Peninsular Malaysia
  - b) Coastal area of Sarawak, Malaysia

#### Q53

5g) How many Cities / Municipalities / Regencies are at risk from tsunami?

5 cities are at risk from tsunami

other areas involve such as:

- i)Teriang and Chenang, Langkawi, Kedah
- ii) Kuala Muda, coastal area
- iii)Northeast coast of Penang Island
- iv) Northcoast of Penang Islang
- v) Westcoast of Penang Island

#### Q54

5h) What products do you have from the tsunami risk assessment? (select all that apply)

Risk map,

Guidelines (please specify below),

Other (please specify):

United Nation Development Programme (UNDP) - TOT Module

#### Page 16: PART II: Risk Assessment

#### **Q55**

5i) On a scale of 1 (Very poor) to 5 (Very good), please rate your country's capability to undertake tsunami risk assessment

Capability to undertake tsunami risk assessment

Good

#### **Q56**

5j) On a scale of 1 (Not a priority) to 5 (Essential), what is the priority level of your country to improve capacity in the following areas of tsunami risk assessment?

Tsunami risk assessment at national level	High priority
Tsunami risk assessment at regional level	High priority
Tsunami risk assessment at city level	High priority
Tsunami risk assessment at village level	High priority
Tsunami risk assessment at community / neighbourhood level	High priority
What other areas of capacity in tsunami hazard assessment require improvement?	All the above.

#### **Q57**

5k) On a scale of 1 (No capacity) to 5 (Very good) what capacity does your country have to give training and/or consultancy on tsunami risk assessment to other countries?

Tsunami risk assessment at national level	Moderate
Tsunami risk assessment at regional level	Moderate
Tsunami risk assessment at city level	Moderate
Tsunami risk assessment at village level	Moderate
Tsunami risk assessment at community / neighbourhood level	Moderate
Please gives the names of any individuals / institutions in your country that could provide this training / consultancy	Ms. Lucia Enggong lucia@met.gov.my

#### Page 17: PART II: Policies

#### **Q58**

6a) Does your country have a national tsunami policy? For each of the four disaster management phases listed below, select standalone policy / multi hazard policy / policy not available. Use the comments box to detail the specific name of the policy (if available).

	In what form is the policy?
Prevention and mitigation	Multi hazard including tsunami
Preparedness	Multi hazard including tsunami
Emergency response	Multi hazard including tsunami
Rehabilitation and reconstruction	Multi hazard including tsunami
What is the name of policy? (if available):	

What is the name of policy? (if available):

i) MKN Directive 20 ii) SOP for Tsunami Hazard (volume IV) iii) SOP for Earthquake Hazard (volume V)

#### **Q59**

6b) Does your country have local tsunami policies? For each of the disaster management phases listed below, select standalone policy / multi hazard policy / policy not available. Use the comments box to detail the specific name(s) of the policy (if available).

	In what form is the policy?
Prevention and mitigation	Multi hazard including tsunami
Preparedness	Multi hazard including tsunami
Emergency response	Multi hazard including tsunami
Rehabilitation and reconstruction	Multi hazard including tsunami

What is the name of policy? (if available):

i) MKN Directive 20 ii) SOP for Tsunami Hazard (volume IV) iii) SOP for Earthquake Hazard (volume V)

Page 18: PART II: Plans

#### Q60

7a) Does your country have national, local and community level tsunami disaster risk reduction plans? For each of the four disaster management phases listed below, select standalone plan / multi hazard plan / plan not available. Use the comments box to detail the specific name(s) of the plan(s) (if available). Please use the scroll bar to view the entire table.

	National level	Local level	Community level
Prevention and mitigation	Multi hazard including tsunami		
Preparedness	Multi hazard including tsunami		
Emergency response	Multi hazard including tsunami		
Rehabilitation and reconstruction	Multi hazard including tsunami		

What is the name of the plan(s) (if available):

i) MKN Directive 20 ii) SOP for Tsunami Hazard (volume IV) iii) SOP for Earthquake Hazard (volume V)

Q61 Yes

7b) Are your country's tsunami disaster risk reduction plans based on hazards and risk assessments?

Page 19: PART II: Guidelines

#### Q62

8a) Does your country have national tsunami DRR guidelines? For each of the four lifecycle phases, select standalone guidelines / multi hazard guidelines / guidelines not available. Use the comments box to detail the specific name of the guidelines (if available).

	In what form are the guidelines?
Prevention and mitigation	Standalone tsunami guidelines
Preparedness	Multi hazard guidelines including tsunami
Emergency response	Multi hazard guidelines including tsunami
Rehabilitation and reconstruction	Multi hazard guidelines including tsunami

What is the name of guidelines? (if available):

i. Guideline on the Implementation of Community Based Disaster Risk Management in Malaysia - Prevention ii. Guideline on Coastal Erosion Control for Development Project in the Coastal Zone iii. MKN Directive 20 iv. SOP for Tsunami Hazard (volume IV)

#### Q63

8b) Does your country have local tsunami DRR guidelines? For each of the four lifecycle phases, select standalone guidelines / multi-hazard guidelines / guidelines not available. Use the comments box to detail the specific name of the guidelines (if available).

Respondent skipped this question

Page 20: PART III: Detection and Warning

Q64 Yes

9a) Does your country have a national capability to assess and/or receive potential tsunami threat information and advise/warn its coastal communities?

Page 21: PART III: Detection and Warning

Q65 Use TSP data,

9b) Does your country utilise the data provided by the IOTWMS Tsunami Service Providers (TSPs) for the Coastal Forecast Zones (CFZ) of your country's coastline to determine national threats or does it undertake its own threat assessments? (select all that apply)

Use own threat assessments

#### Q66

9c) Which organisation in your country has the responsibility for assessing and/or receiving potential tsunami threat information? Please provide the name and contact details.

National Weather and Geophysics Operation Centre seismo@met.gov.my

**Q67** 

Yes

9d) Does the organisation responsible for assessing and/or receiving potential tsunami threat information operate 24x7?

**Q68** 

9e) What / which infrastructure is available to enable 24x7 operations? (select all that apply)

Computers,

Internet,

Landline Phone,

Mobile Phone or Cell Phone,

Fax,

GTS (WMO Global Telecommunication System),

UPS (Uninterruptable Power Supply),

**VSAT** 

Q69

National,

Local

9f) Which level of tsunami threat forecast information is produced by the responsible organisation? (select all that apply)

Q70 Yes, national and international

9g) Does the organisation have access to national and/or international seismic networks? (please select one from the following options)

Page 22

Q71

9h) Is national seismic data shared in real time?

Some national seismic data is shared in real time,

Please specify which seismic data is shared in real time:

IPM, KOM, KSM, KKM, KUM, LDM, SBM

Page 23: PART III: Detection and Warning

Q72 No

9i) Does your organisation have access to GNSS data?

Q73 Yes

9j) Is the list of broadband seismometers operated by your country listed accurately in the IOTWMS seismic database http://www.ioc-tsunami.org/index.php? option=com\_oe&task=viewDocumentRecord&docID=20 796)?

#### **Q74**

9k) When compared to the IOTWMS seismic database (http://www.ioc-tsunami.org/index.php? option=com\_oe&task=viewDocumentRecord&docID=20 796), have you decommissioned or added broadband seismometers operated by your country (Check all that apply and include details in the comments section below)

#### Some stations have been added,

Please indicate which stations have been decommissioned or added, including the Station Name/Location, email Contact of the Station Operator (IOTWMS Secretariat will contact for more information).:

Added station: i) Seismic station in Gua Musang (GMM) ii) Seismic station in Niah (NIM) iii) Seismic station in Limbang (LIM) Contact person: Mr. Afiq Zhofri (afiq@met.gov.my)

Page 24: PART III: Detection and Warning

#### **Q75**

9I) Does the organisation have access to national and/or international sea level networks? (please select one answer from the following options)

#### Yes, national and international,

If yes, please list/describe sources of information (e.g. national data through national communication infrastructure, WMO Global Telecommunications System (GTS), IOC Sea Level Facility):
WMO Global Telecommunications System (GTS), IOC Sea Level Facility

#### Page 25: PART III: Detection and Warning

#### 076

9m) Is national sea level data shared in real time?

#### Some national sea level data is shared in real time,

Please specify which sea level data is shared in real time: Porto Malai, Kerachut, Lahad Datu, Kudat, Pulau Perhentian.

#### Page 26: PART III: Detection and Warning

Q77 Yes

9n) Is the list of sea level stations operated by your country listed accurately in the IOTWMS sea level database (http://www.ioc-tsunami.org/index.php? option=com\_oe&task=viewDocumentRecord&docID=20 833)?

#### Q78

#### There are no changes

9o) When compared to the IOTWMS sea level database (http://www.ioc-tsunami.org/index.php? option=com\_oe&task=viewDocumentRecord&docID=20 833), have you decommissioned or added sea level stations operated by your country (Check all that apply and include details in the comments section below)

Page 27: PART III: Detection and Warning

#### **Q79**

9p) What other observing networks are operated by your country and used for tsunami early warning?

No other observing networks are operated by the country

#### 080

9q) Does the organisation have the capability of analysing real-time seismic and sea-level data for potential tsunami threat?

YesPlease specify the software tools used: SESCOMPI, ANTELOPE, TOAST

#### **Q81**

9r) Does the organisation have capability for tsunami modelling to support generation of threat forecasts?

YesPlease specify the modelling tools and data used: TOAST

#### Q82

9s) Does the organisation responsible for identifying a potential tsunami threat also issue national tsunami no threat, watches, advisories, alerts and/or warnings?

Yes

#### **Q83**

9t) What are the threshold or criteria (for example sea levels, magnitude) for declaring a potential national tsunami emergency, watch, alert, advisory or warning?

In lieu with the current SOP, any earthquakes within a preselected region area of monitoring, with the magnitude of 6.5 and above, located at/near the sea with depth less than 100km is considered potential tsunami threat and having the result from simulation

#### **Q84**

9u) What actions were taken by your country's National Tsunami Warning Centre (NTWC) and/or Tsunami Warning Focal Point (TWFP) in response to earthquake events and messages issued by the IOTWMS TSPs during the intersessional period?

Compare the result with the Operations findings and issued the appropriate message according to the national SOP

#### Q85

9v) Did your country's NTWC and/or TWFP participate in the 6-monthly communications tests conducted by the **IOTWMS TSPs?** 

#### Yes (please name the organisation(s) that participated in the additional comments)

Additional comments:

National Weather and Geophysics Operation Centre, MET Malaysia and if NADMA considers it a need than possibly a full tsunami exercise

#### **Q86**

9w) Did your country's NTWC and/or TWFP participate in national and/or international Tsunami Exercises (eg. IOWave) conducted in the inter-sessional period between ICG meetings?

#### Yes (please name the exercise(s) and organisation(s) that participated in the additional comments)

Additional comments: IOWave XX/ PACWave XX

#### **Q87** No

9x) After the December 26 2004 tsunami and until now, was your country impacted by any damaging tsunami? If Yes, what was your national response to each event (please comment if warnings were issued by your NTWC in a timely manner to enable communities to respond, if public were evacuated, etc.)

#### 088

9y) Since 2018, have there been any enhancements in your national warning SOPs and alerting?

Yes (please specify the enhancements):

Nation warning SOPs are reviewed and improved annually whether it is temporally, location of monitoring or the action taken

#### Page 28: PART III: Dissemination

#### **Q89**

10a) How is the tsunami information (warning, public safety action, etc) disseminated within country? (select all that apply)

Email,

SMS,

Fax,

Webpage,

WhatsApp / Facebook / Other social media,

Sirens,

**Television** 

#### Q90

10b) For each emergency response organisation listed below, which communication methods for emergency response are available? (select all that apply)

National DMOs Telephone, Fax, Email, SMS, Siren

Local DMOs Fax, Email, SMS, Siren

General Public Siren
Coastal Communities Siren

Media Fax, Email

#### Q91

10c) How is the warning situation terminated?

Fax, Email, SMS, Sirens

#### Q92

10d) What website is used for display of national threat status during events? Please provide the URL.

www.met.gov.my

Q93 No

10e) Does your country's national tsunami warning system utilise the Common Alert Protocol (CAP) for the dissemination of warnings? If yes, please describe how the CAP is integrated into your warning dissemination processes, including any platforms or communication channels that are specifically utilised to broadcast CAP-formatted alerts to the public and relevant stakeholders.

#### Q94

10f) Who is primarily responsible for the direct dissemination of tsunami alerts to the public in your country, and what is the timeframe for these alerts to achieve effective last-mile responses? Please provide details.

National Weather and Geophysics Operation Centre, MET Malaysia.

The timeframe for these alerts to achieve effective last-mile responses is within 8 minutes

#### Page 29: PART IV: Standard Operating Procedures

#### **Q95**

11a) For each of the (upstream) emergency response issues listed below (in rows), consider the four questions (in columns). Select a yes/no response using the drop-down menus.

	Does your SOP address this aspect of tsunami emergency response?	Is support required to develop/improve this aspect of tsunami emergency response in your SOP?	Is support required to develop Human Resources in this aspect of tsunami emergency response?	Is support required to develop infrastructure for this aspect of tsunami emergency response?
24/7 Emergency Operation Centre (EOC)	Yes	No	Yes	No
Receiving information from the NTWC	Yes	No	Yes	No
Response Criteria / decision making	Yes	Yes	Yes	No

#### Q96

11b) For each of the (downstream) emergency response issues listed below (in rows), consider the four questions (in columns). Select a yes/no response using the drop-down menus.

	Does your SOP address this aspect of tsunami emergenc y response?	Is support required to develop/im prove this aspect of tsunami emergenc y response in your SOP?	Is support required to develop Human Resources in this aspect of tsunami emergency response?	Is support required to develop infrastruct ure for this aspect of tsunami emergency response?
Warning dissemination	Yes	No	Yes	Yes
Evacuation call procedures	Yes	No	Yes	No
Community evacuation procedures	Yes	No	Yes	No
Communication with NTWC	Yes	No	Yes	No
Communication with Local Government	Yes	No	Yes	No
Media arrangements	Yes	No	Yes	No
Communication with other stakeholder i.e. Red Cross, Fire Brigade, Search and Rescue, Police, Army, Navy etc.	Yes	No	Yes	No

Q97 Yes

11c) Would your country be willing to share your SOPs with the IOTIC and other countries?

#### Page 30: PART IV: Evacuation Infrastructure

#### **Q98**

12a) Does your country have the following evacuation infrastructure? (select all that apply and detail specific areas). Please use the scroll bar below to view the entire table.

Evacuation shelter	Yes
Vertical evacuation structure	No
Natural or artificial hill for vertical evacuation	No
Evacuation signage	No
Other (please specify)	No

Q99 Yes

12b) Is your evacuation infrastructure integrated in the evacuation plan?

#### Page 31: PART IV: Tsunami Exercises

Q100 National policy,

12c) Are tsunami exercises incorporated within national policies and guidelines? (select all that apply)

National guidelines

Q101 National level

12d) At what levels were the exercises conducted during the inter-sessional (between ICG meetings) period? (select all that apply)

#### Q102

12e) What kind of tsunami exercise activities have been undertaken in your country and how many times during the inter-sessional (between ICG Meetings) period?

Organisation table top exercise Yes Comment: Annually Inter-organisation table top exercise Yes Comment: Annually National tsunami drill/exercise Yes Comment: Annually Indian Ocean Wave exercise Yes Comment: Annually Local tsunami drill/exercise Yes Comment: Annually Other (please specify) No

Page 32: PART IV: Public Awareness

#### Q103 National Disaster Management Office

13a) Who is responsible for tsunami public awareness programmes in your country?

Q104 Leaflets or flyers,

13b) What tsunami related education and awareness materials do you have? (select all that apply)

Posters, Booklets,

Video, or other visual or oral media

Q105 Yes

13c) Would your country be willing to share these education and awareness materials with the Indian Ocean Tsunami Information Centre (IOTIC) and other countries?

#### Q106

13d) Do you undertake the following tsunami awareness activities?

World Tsunami Awareness Day	Yes
Global Disaster Risk Reduction day	Yes
Public tsunami preparedness outreach	Yes
School and/or children awareness	Yes
Exhibitions	Yes
Competitions or other ways of highlighting tsunami safety	No
Tsunami Exercise	Yes
Other (Please specify)	No

#### Q107

13e) Use the boxes below to indicate any areas in which you require support from the IOTIC to develop or enhance public awareness in your country. If you do not require support, please leave blank.

Customisation of general materials to country or community

Development of tsunami awareness programmes, activities or campaigns

Participation/support by international agencies or experts to your country's activities

Provision of general tsunami awareness materials

Q108 No

13f) Can your country offer support to other Member States to develop or enhance public awareness in their country?

#### Page 33: PART V: UNESCO-IOC Tsunami Ready Recognition Programme (TRRP)

#### Q109 Yes, we are already participating

14a) Does your country have an interest to participate in the UNESCO-IOC TRRP?

#### Q110

14b) Aside from UNESCO-IOC TRRP, is your country currently implementing any other tsunami resilience and preparedness related initiatives or programmes?

### Yes (please describe the initiatives or programmes below)

Other tsunami resilience and preparedness related initiatives or programmes being implemented in your country:

CBDRM, table-top exercise among agencies

Q111 Province / State 3

14c) What number of villages, cities/districts and provinces/state levels in your country are at risk to tsunami?

#### Q112

14d) Does your country have a National Tsunami Ready Board (NTRB)The National Tsunami Ready Board (NTRB) is responsible for guiding the community on the steps for Tsunami Ready recognition and for the review and approval of the community's Tsunami Ready application. It consists of designated representatives of the National Emergency Management Agency or Disaster Mangement Office, NTWC, TNC, the scientific community, and other invited quests.

No (if no, is there another existing coordination mechanism that can fulfil this role of NTRB? please specify below)

#### Q113

14e) Which institution(s) should be involved in the implementation of TRRP or similar national initiative? (please use a comma between the name of the institutions)

National Disaster Management Agency and Malaysia Meteorological Department

Q114 No

14f) Are any communities (for example, villages, cities, districts, provinces or states) in your country currently working towards implementing or interested in implementing the UNESCO-IOC TRRP or similar national initiative?

Q115 No

14g) Have any communities in your country achieved recognition through UNESCO-IOC TRRP or similar national initiative?

#### Page 34: PART V: UNESCO-IOC Tsunami Ready Recognition Programme (TRRP)

#### Q116

15a) Is there national capacity to develop tsunami hazard maps?

Yes, it can be partially done through mobilising national experts and funding, but also needs some international technical expertise

#### Q117

15b) Is there national capacity to train the community on identifying and estimating the number of people that live in the tsunami hazard zone?

Yes, it can be easily done through mobilising national experts and funding

#### Q118

15c) Is there national capacity to train the community on the inventory of available economic, instrastructural, political, and social resources to reduce tsunami risk at the community level? Yes, it can be easily done through mobilising national experts and funding

#### Q119

15d) Is there national capacity to work with the community to develop tsunami evacuation maps, plans and procedures at the community level?

Yes, it can be easily done through mobilising national experts and funding

#### Q120

15e) Is there national capacity to work with the community to develop a public display of tsunami information?

Yes, it can be easily done through mobilising national experts and funding

#### Q121

15f) Is there national capacity to work with the community to develop local context outreach and public education materials?

Yes, it can be easily done through mobilising national experts and funding

#### Q122

15g) Is there national capacity to train and build capacity of community to be able to organise and implement outreach and education activity?

Yes, it can be easily done through mobilising national experts and funding

#### Q123

15h) Is there national capacity to train and build capacity of community to be able to organise and implement tsunami exercises?

Yes, it can be easily done through mobilising national experts and funding

#### Q124

15i) Is there national capacity to train and build capacity of communities to be able to develop their community Emergency Operation Plan?

Yes, it can be easily done through mobilising national experts and funding

#### Q125

15j) Is there national capacity to train and build capacity of communities to manage 24/7 tsunami emergency response operation?

Yes, it can be easily done through mobilising national experts and funding

#### Q126

15k) Is there national capacity to train and work with the communities to develop mechanisms (means and procedures) to receive 24/7 warning?

Yes, it can be easily done through mobilising national experts and funding

#### Q127

15l) Is there national capacity to train and work with the communities to develop mechanisms (means and procedures) to disseminate 24/7 warning to the community?

Yes, it can be easily done through mobilising national experts and funding

#### Page 35: PART V: UNESCO-IOC Tsunami Ready Recognition Programme (TRRP)

#### Q128

15m) Which of the following challenges inhibit the implementation of TRRP or similar national initiatives in your country? (select all that apply)

Tsunami is not a high priority hazard in country,

Limited resources (for example, champions, leadership, scientific support, social support)

Limited awareness.

Limited activity,

Lack of community interest

#### Page 36: PART VI: Narrative

#### 0129

16) Please briefly describe any innovations or modifications to national tsunami warning and mitigation procedures or operations since the last reassessment. For example, this might include tsunami related research projects, implementation of new seismic and/or sea level monitoring technologies, tsunami mitigation activities and best practices (especially in preparedness and emergency management), as well as public education programmes or other measures taken to heighten awareness of the tsunami hazard and risk.

#### Additional:

- i) Eight (8) new sea level monitoring stations
- ii) Three (3) new seismic stations
- iii) Thirty (30) new tsunami sirens

#### Q130

17) Please provide a brief summary of plans for future tsunami warning and mitigation system improvements

#### Upgrading

- i) Seventeen (17) sea level monitoring stations
- ii) Six (6) new seismic stations
- iii) Twenty three (23) tsunami sirens

#### Q131

- 18) Please list areas where your country would like support for targeted capacity development.
- i) Improving tsunami monitoring and detection
- ii) Capacity building on earthquake and tsunami

Q132

Respondent skipped this question

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