

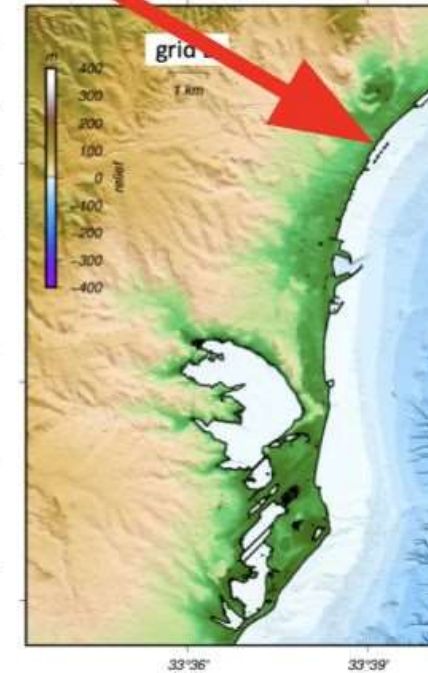
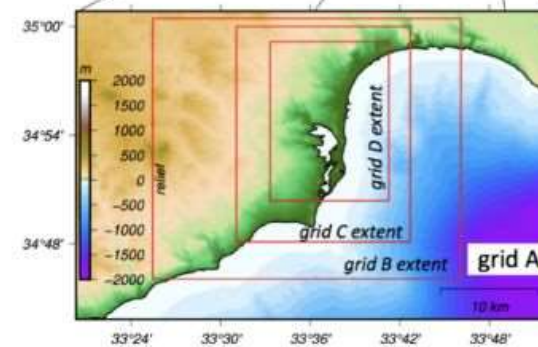
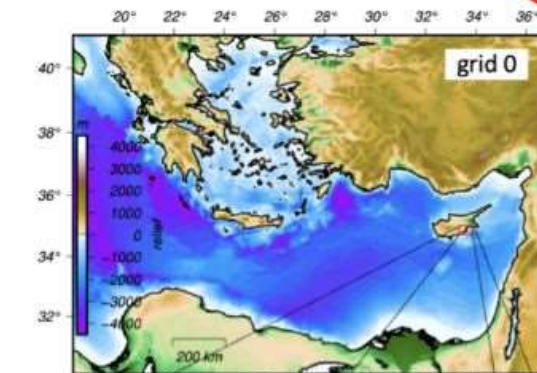
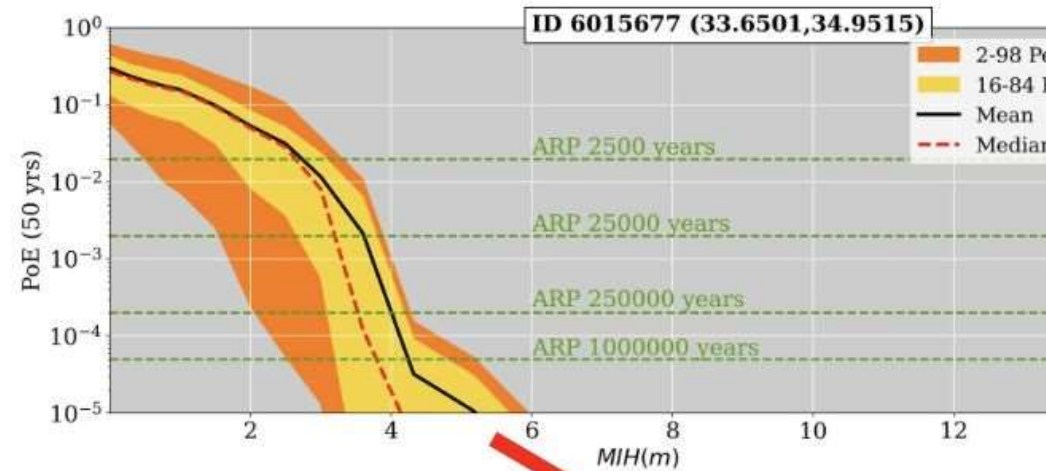
Larnaca, Cyprus, site-specific inundation maps from

Hazard Mapping

HAZARD CURVES, MAPS



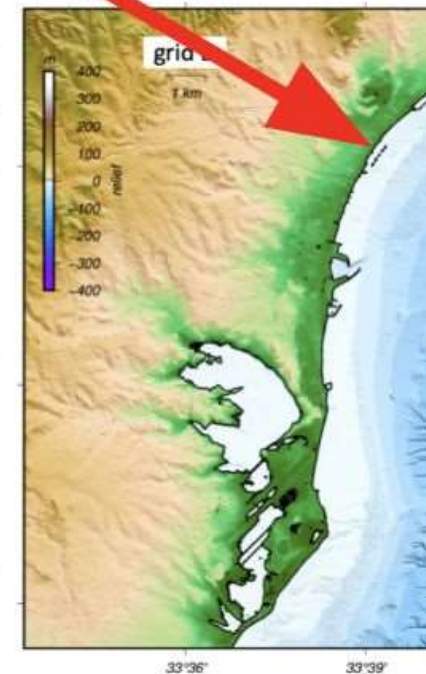
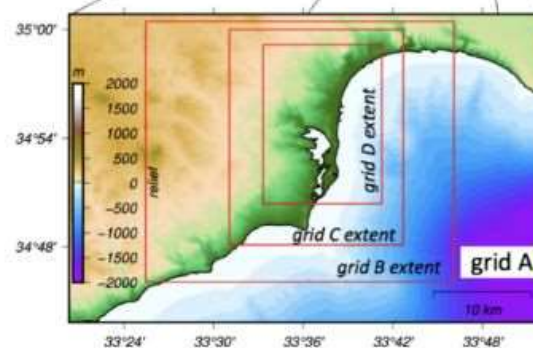
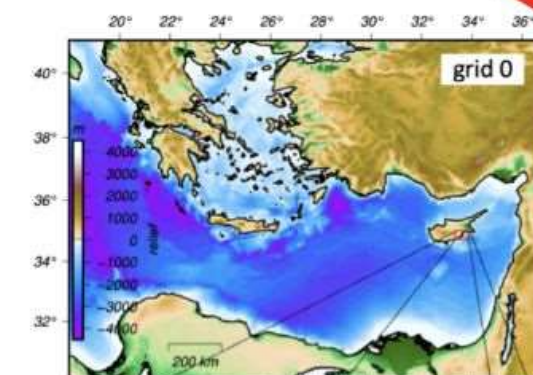
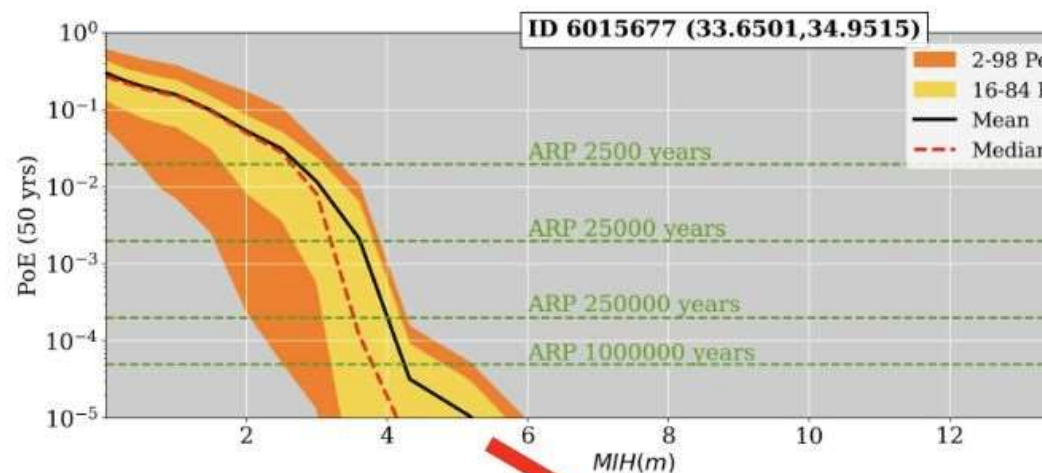
- Model for the Exceedance rate/probability for a given time interval of different values for the hazard intensity, typically the flow depth, or the height with respect to the sea level
- Uncertainty of these estimates

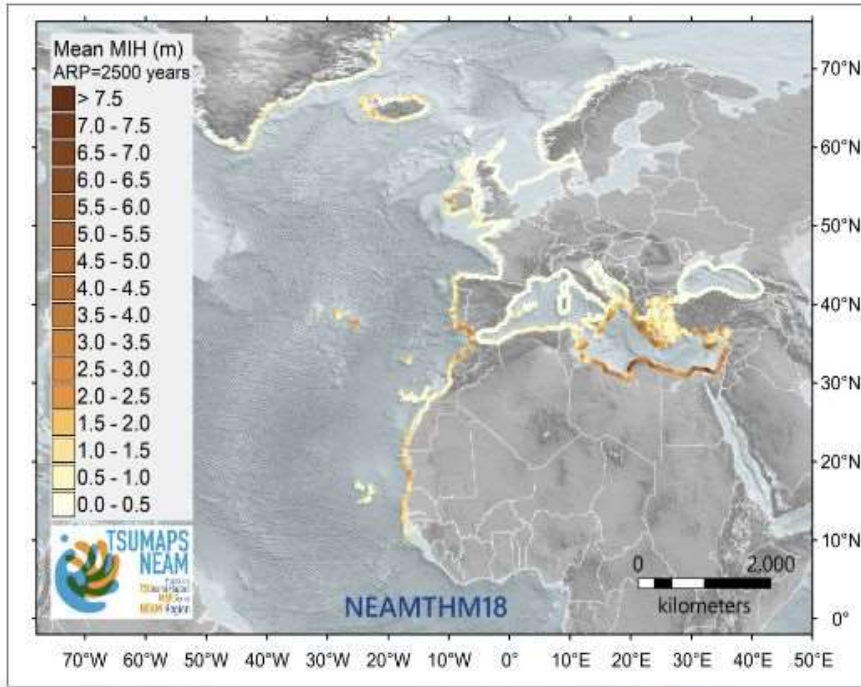


Hazard Mapping

1. Bathymetry data points with 10 m spacing from 0 to 50 m depth.
2. Bathymetry data points with 50 m spacing from 50 to 250 m depth.
3. High-resolution Digital Elevation Model (DEM) with 1 m spacing based on LiDAR collected in 2014.
4. Shoreline corresponding to the Mean Sea Level from data collected in 2014.
5. Orthophotos along the coastline collected in 2014; the receipt of the complete set of orthophotos covering the entirety of the study area is still pending.
6. Coverage area of the Municipality of Larnaca.
7. Census layer corresponding to year 2011, containing information on population and buildings.
8. Beach access points.
9. Reference buildings layer with a limited number of significant buildings, like public buildings, city hall, churches etc.
10. An additional layer on buildings in the Municipality of Larnaca.
11. Road network covering the study area, with partial information, such as road name and number of lanes, where available.

Name	Lon. extent (deg)	Lat. extent (deg)	Grid size	Cell size (m)	Data source
grid 0	18.0026/36.9996	30.0034/40.9989	5425x3813	320	SRTM15+
grid A	33.3387/33.8728	34.7303/35.0144	306x198	160	DLS/EMODnet
grid B	33.4241/33.7682	34.7674/35.0075	394x334	80	DLS/EMODnet
grid C	33.5175/33.7116	34.8017/34.9998	888x1100	20	DLS/EMODnet
grid D	33.5552/33.6878	34.8397/34.9861	2424x3248	5	DLS/EMODnet

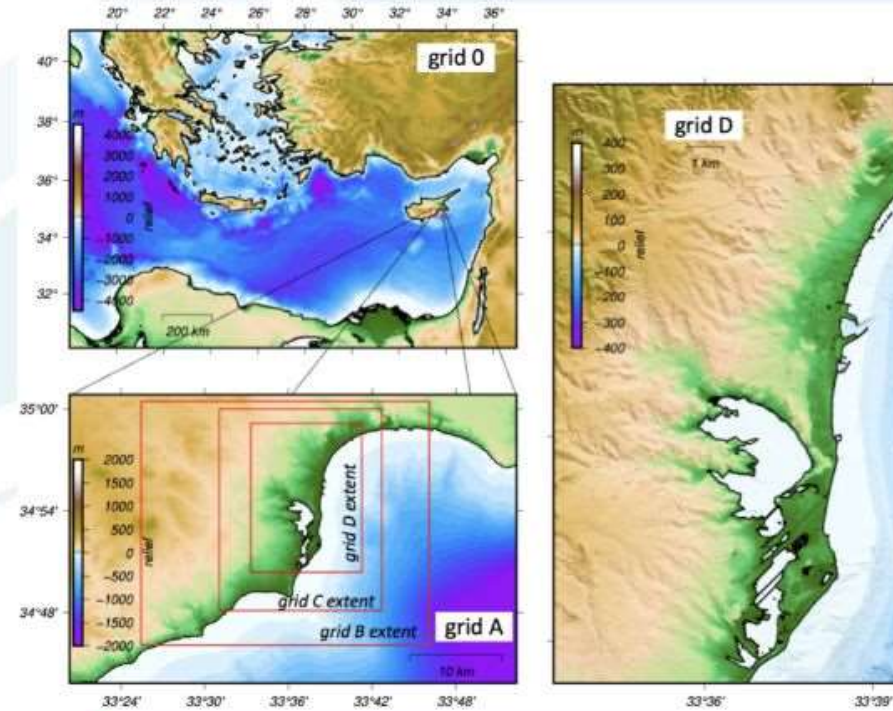




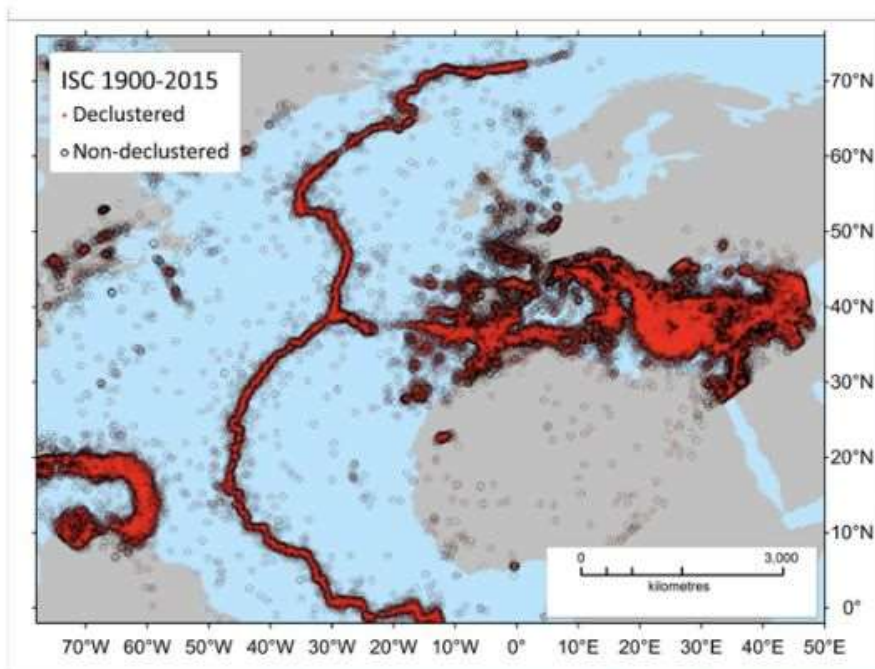
Regional

NEAMTHM18
Basili et al., 2021

IMPOSSIBLE!
Too many high-resolution simulations

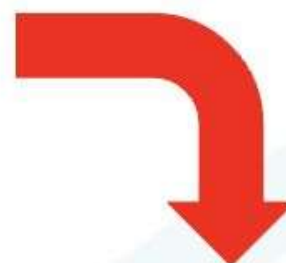


Local, High Resolution

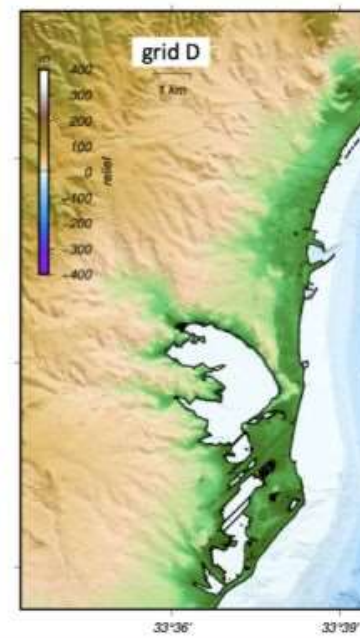
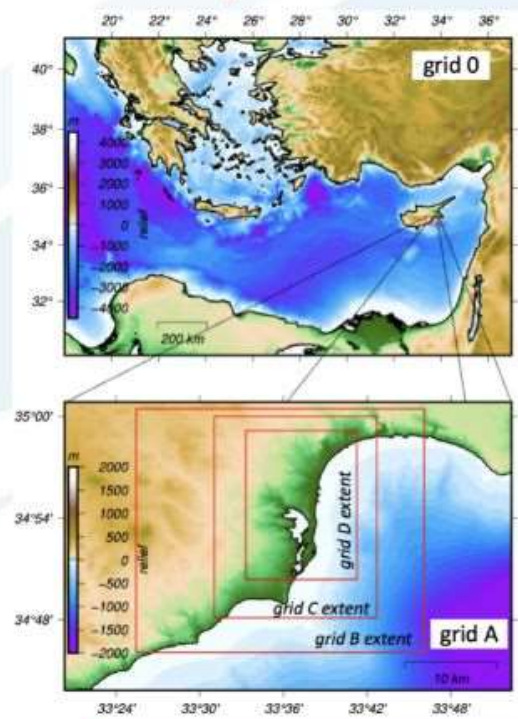


Regional

NEAMTHM18
 Basili et al., 2021

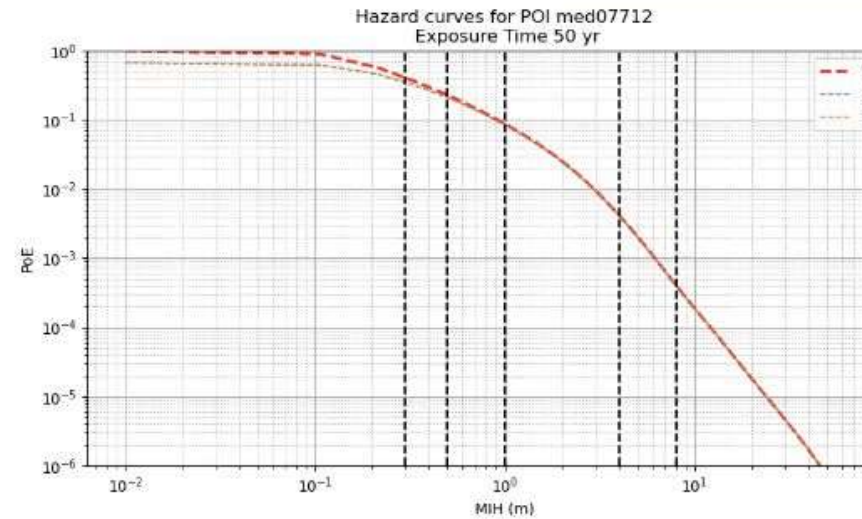


IMPOSSIBLE!
 Too many high-resolution
 simulations

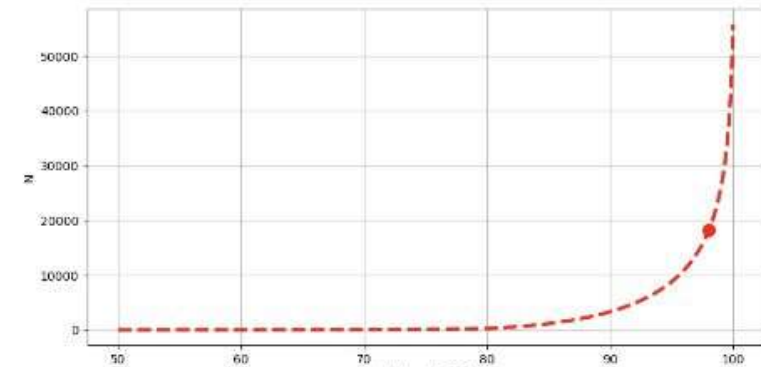
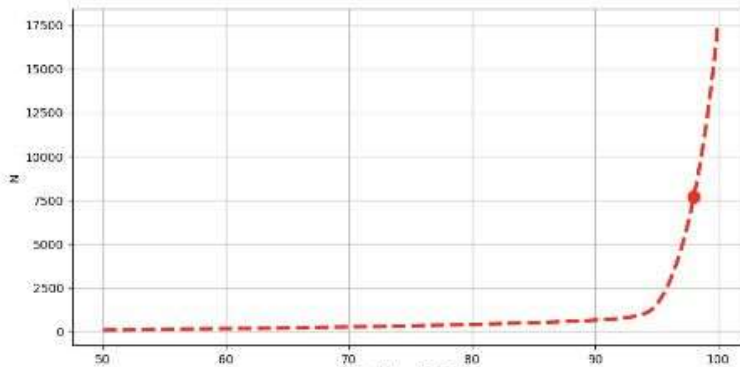


Local, High Resolution

Consider only significant sources for Larnaca: Disaggregation from NEAMTHM18

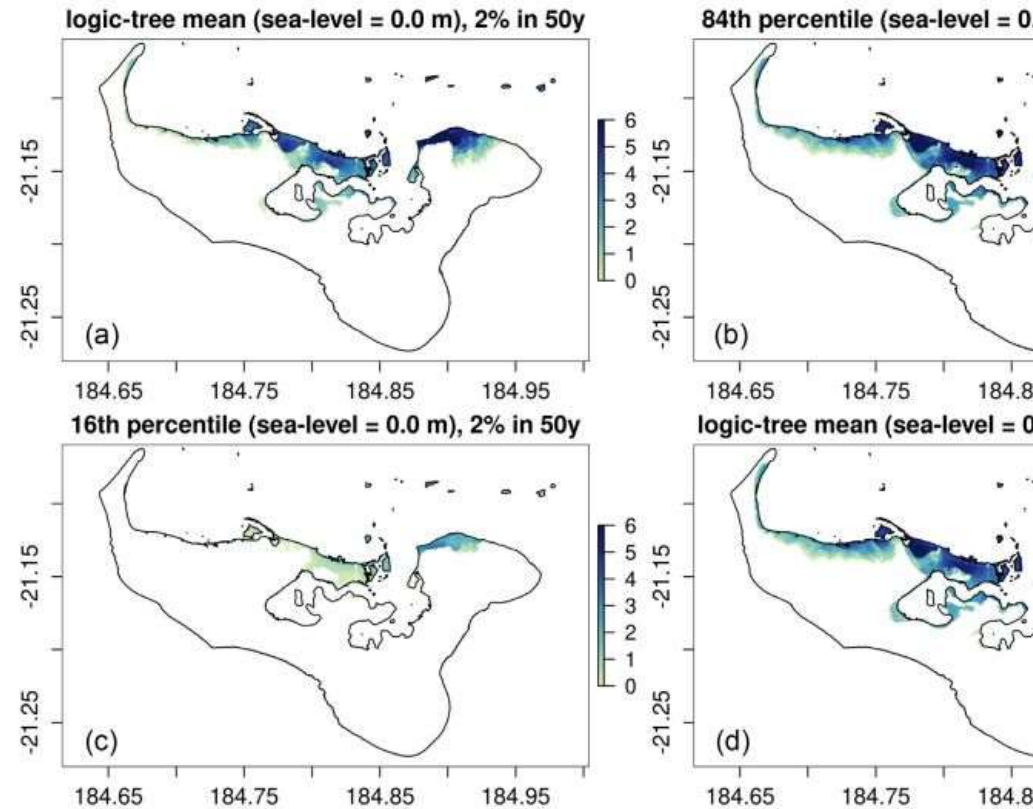
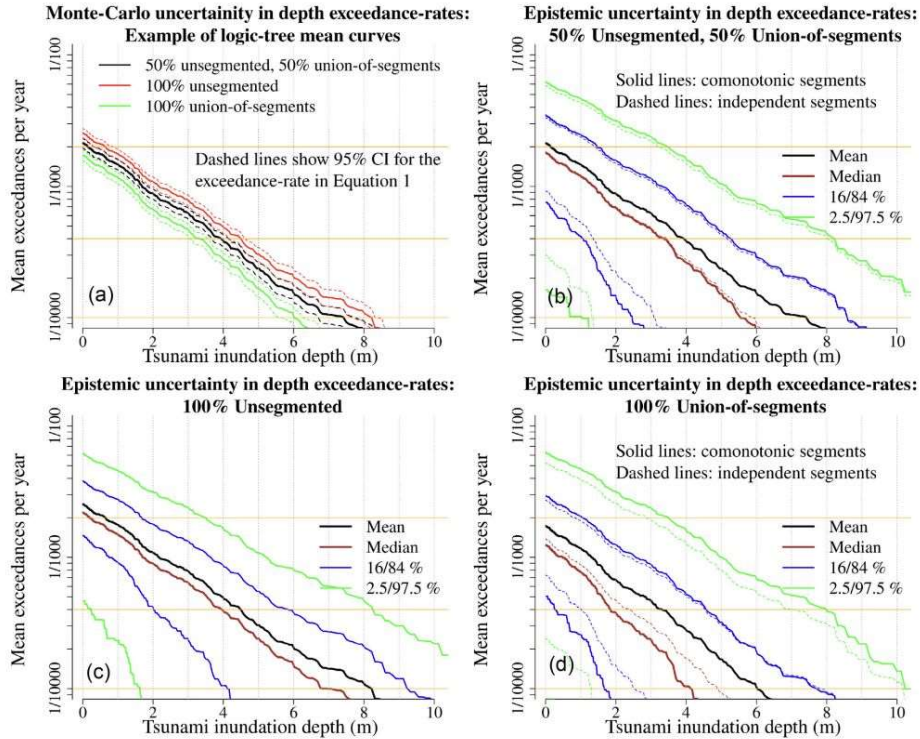


TOTAL: 23164 Simulations



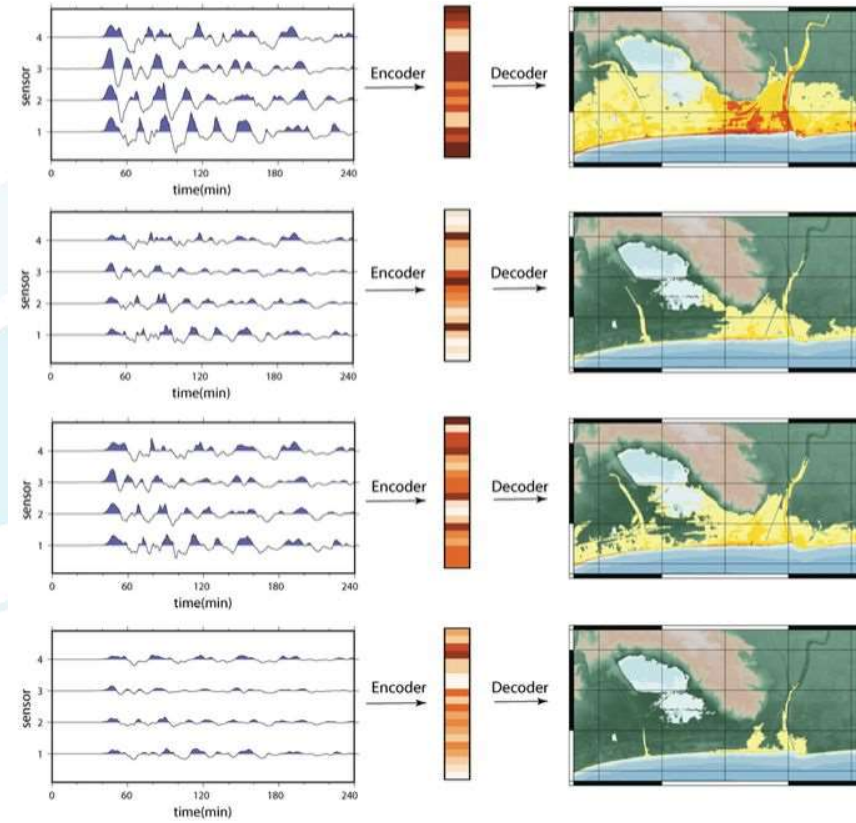
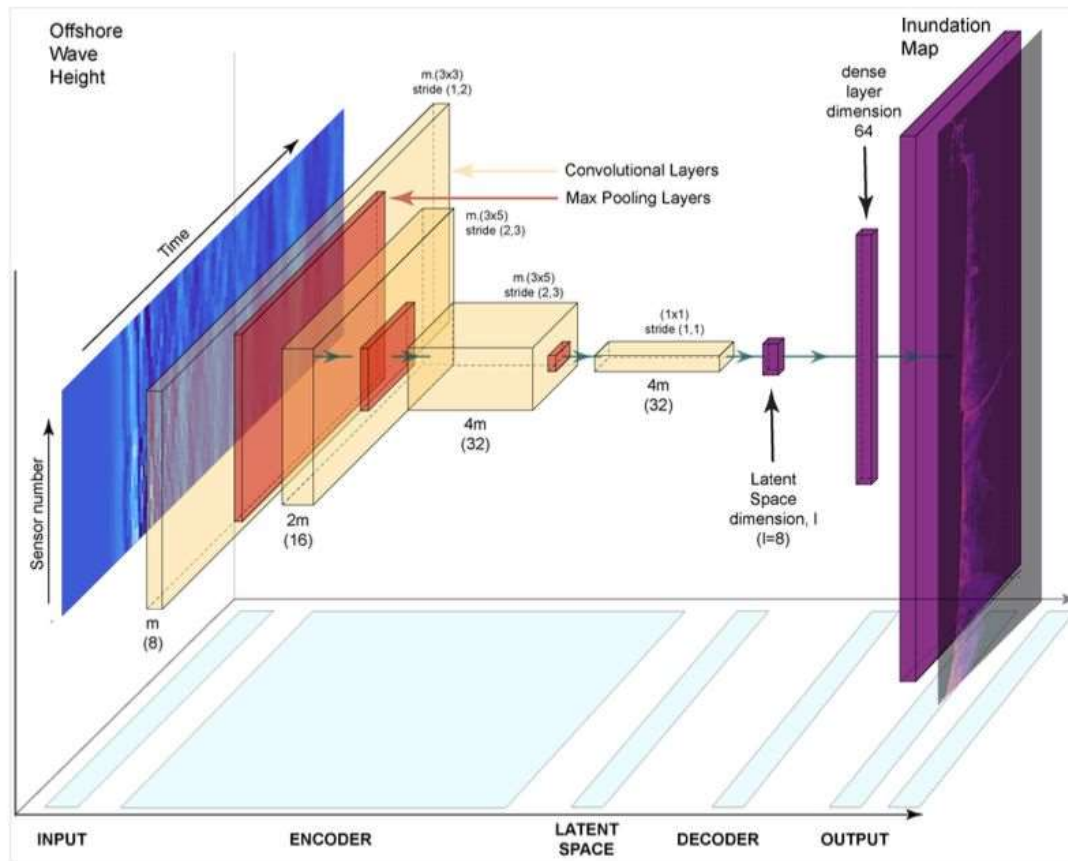
Other approaches

From offshore to onshore probabilistic tsunami hazard assessment via efficient Monte-Carlo sampling
 Davies et al., 2022 (GJI)

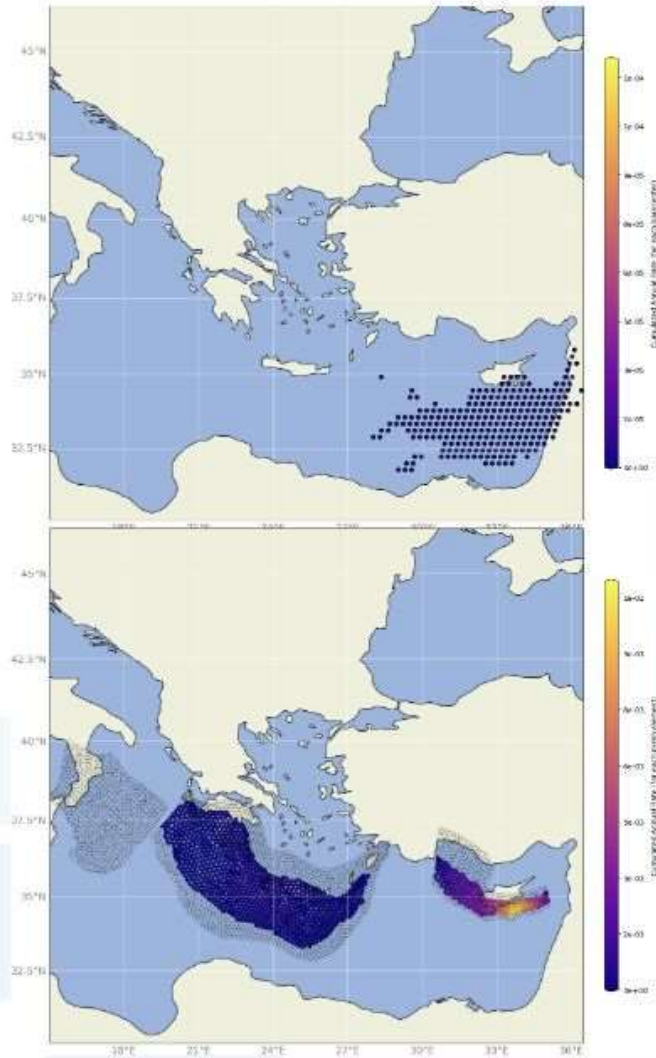


Other approaches

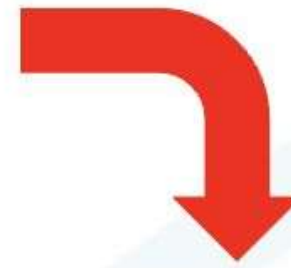
Machine Learning Emulation of High Resolution Inundation Maps. Storrøsten et al., 2024 (GJI, a



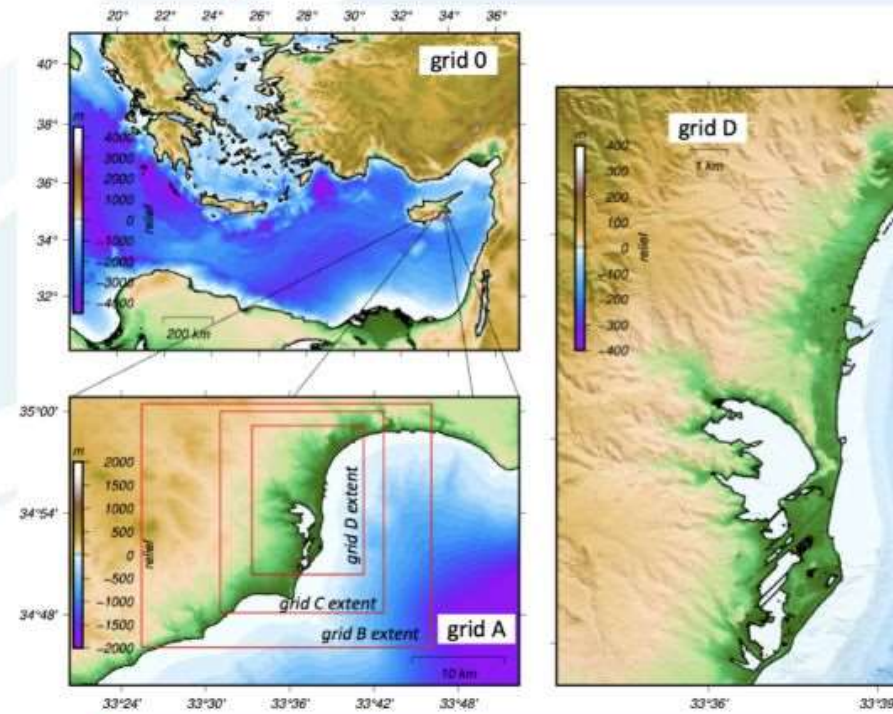
TOTAL: 23164 Simulations



Selection from the Regional model



POSSIBLE!
Many high-resolution simulations

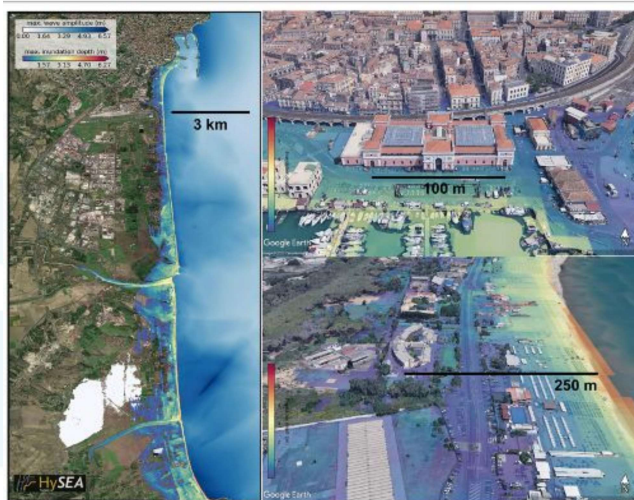


Local, High-Resolution

Numerical Tsunami Simulations

Tsunami Simulation Code

Tsunami-HySEA GPU-Based Code,
EDANYA Group, University of Malaga



Computational Facility

Mercalli Cluster @INGV



```
*** MERCALLI ***  
* 14 CPU nodes, quad-16-core Intel(R) Xeon(R) Gold 5218 processors  
  clocked @ 2.30GHz and 512GB RAM  
* 6 GPU nodes, dual-20-core Intel(R) Xeon(R) Gold 6248 processors  
  clocked @ 2.50GHz and 384GB RAM, 8x nVidia A100  
* Total: 1136 CPU cores, 9472 GB RAM (~8GB/core), 48 nVidia A100 units  
~~~~~  
* CentOS 7.7 Core Operating System, PBS Pro 2021.1 batch scheduler  
* A local scratch partition (without backup) is available in  
  /data/users/<your_username>, or $data  
* Type 'module avail' to get a list of available software modules
```

~100k GPU-h
(~2,5 months

for

- ~8 M cells resolution (grid)
- ~25k simulations accuracy for disaggregation



CENTRO
ALLERTA
TSUNAMI

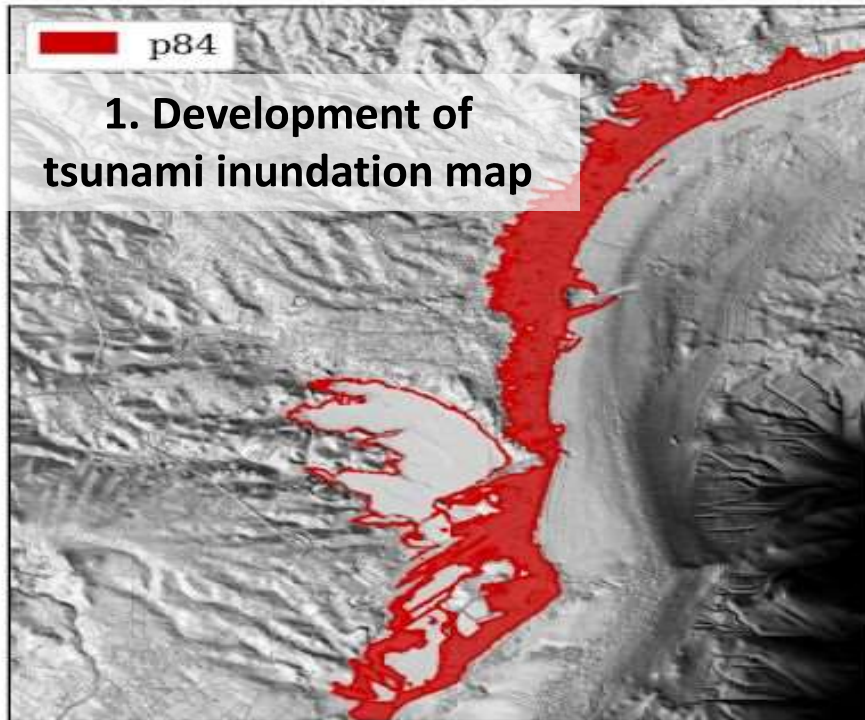


UNIVERSIDAD DE MÁLAGA

ISTITUTO NAZIONALE DI GEOFISICA E VOLCANOLOGIA

The Larnaca project

*Tsunami modelling, inundation and evacuation mapping in Larnaca area within the frame
CoastWAVE project*



TSUNAMI



from hazard to inundation mapping

“Separation” between scientific input and

HAZARD CURVES,
MAPS

THRESHOLDS



- Model for the Exceedance rate/probability for a given time interval of different values for the hazard intensity, typically the flow depth, or the height with respect to the sea level
- Uncertainty of these estimates

- Validation of the hazard maps
- Selection of the design rate/probability/return period
- Selection of the design model uncertainty level
- Safety factors

Here the desired level of risk reduction is implicitly chosen

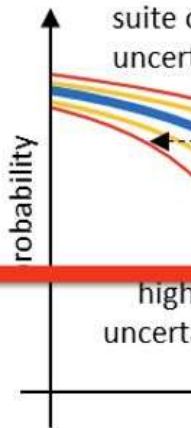
For coastal planning
(evacuation maps)

- 2500 yr ARP
- 84th percentile

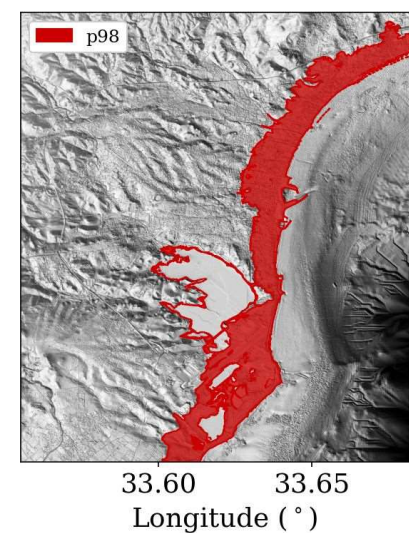
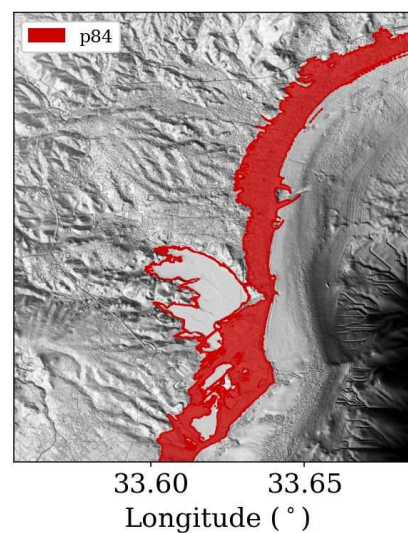
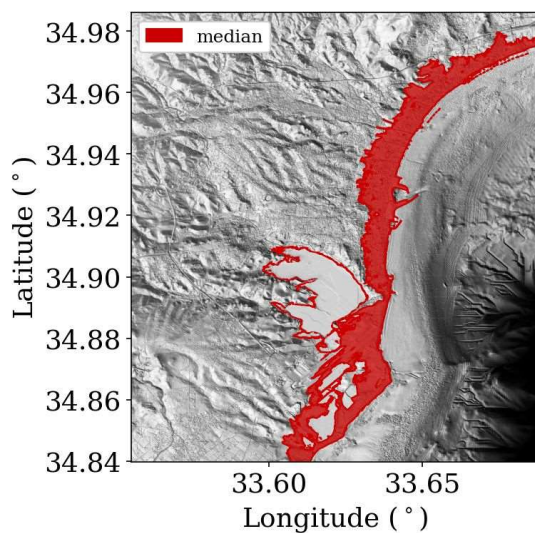
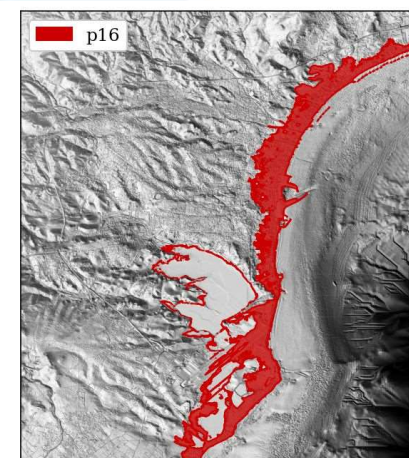
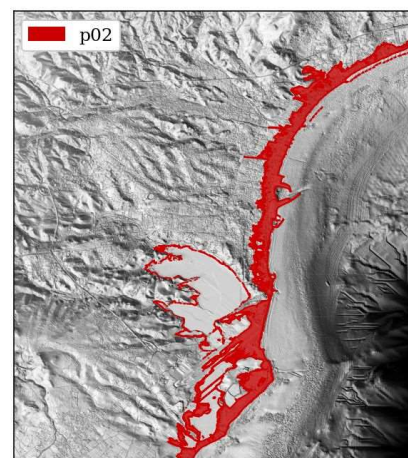
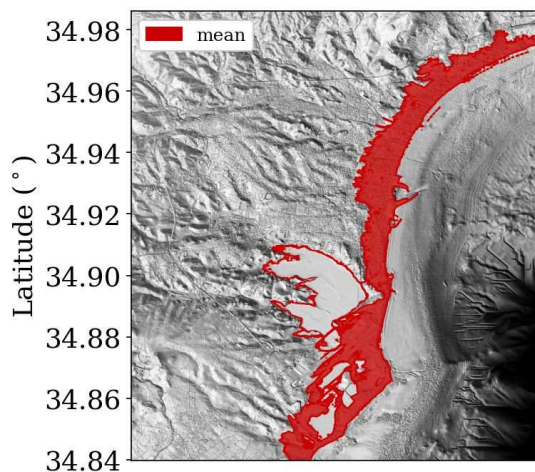
i.e.
~ 2% in 50 yr

Similar approaches:

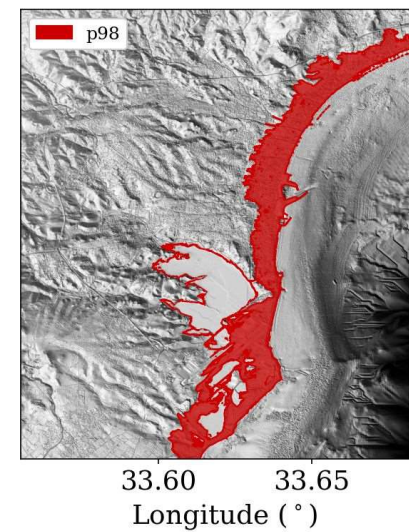
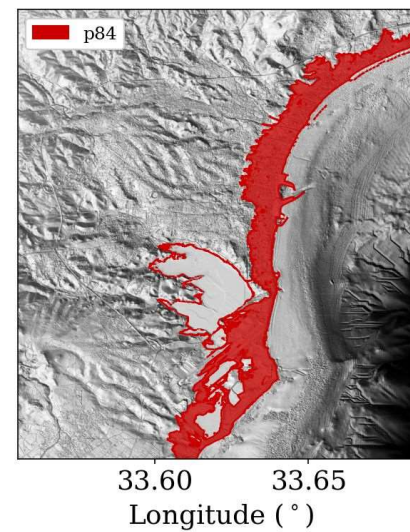
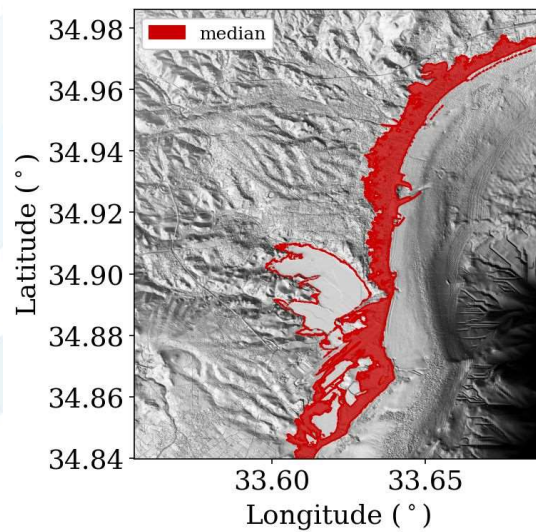
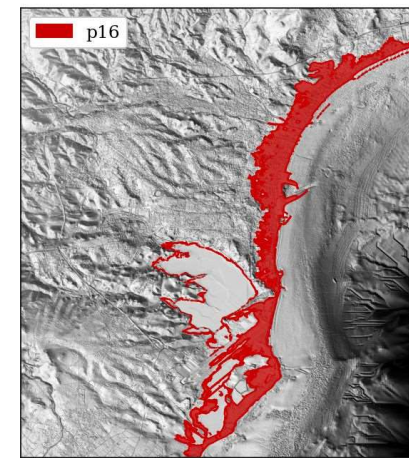
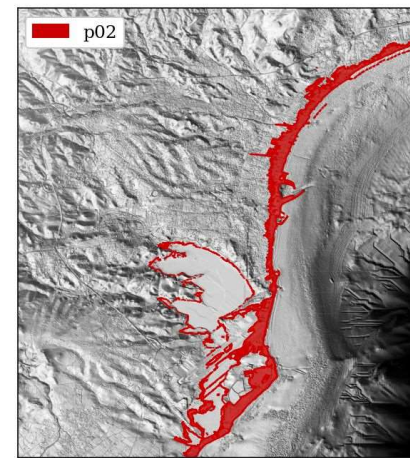
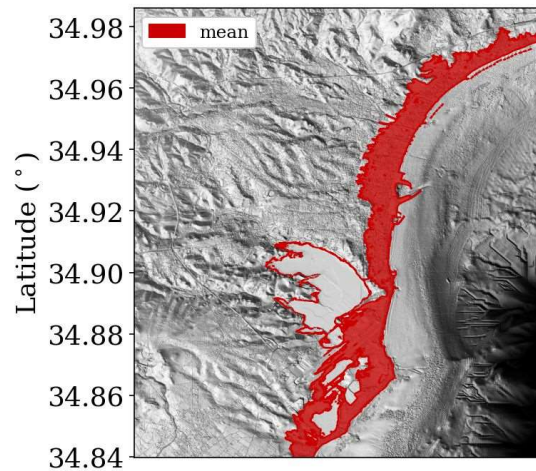
- New Zealand inundation mapping
- US ASCE7-16 Building Codes



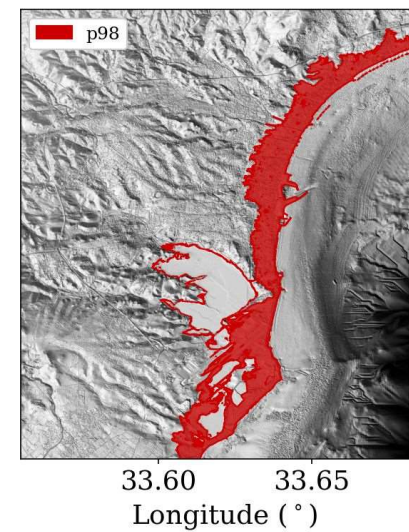
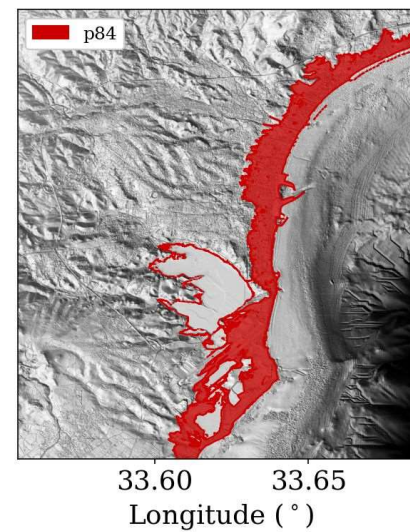
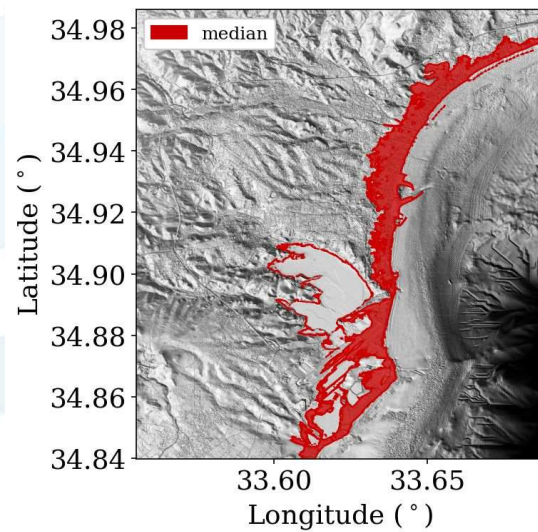
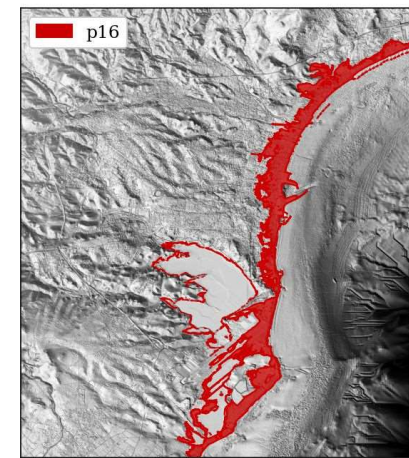
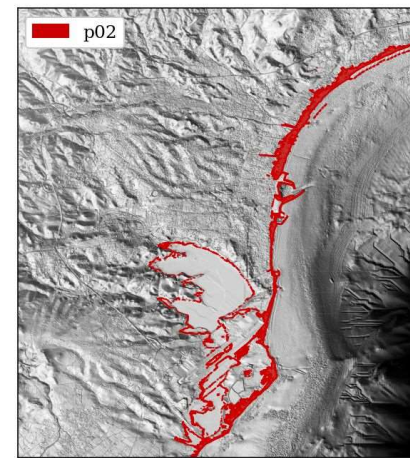
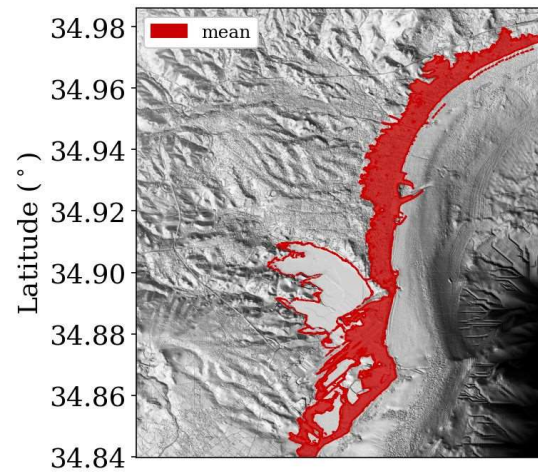
Inundation extent: 1Myr ARP



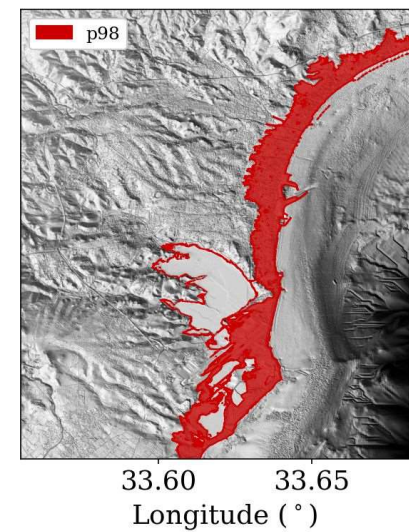
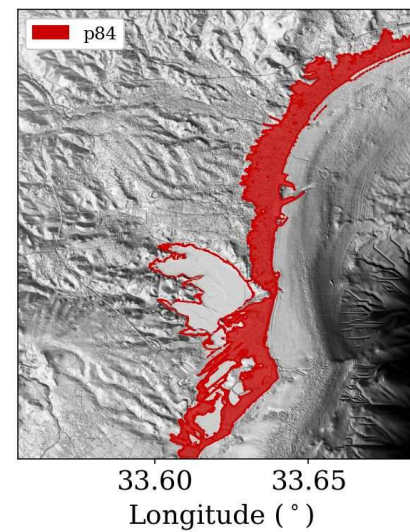
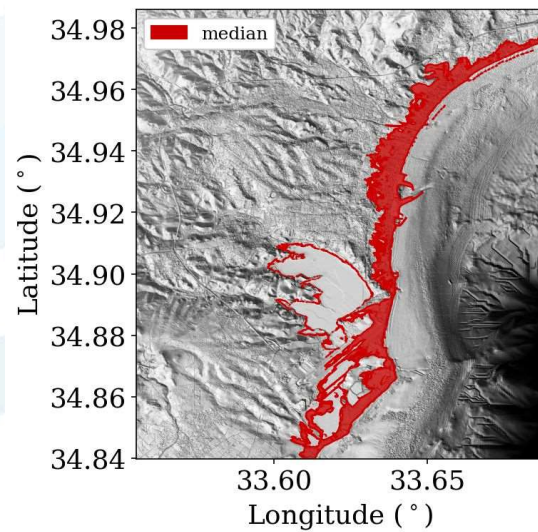
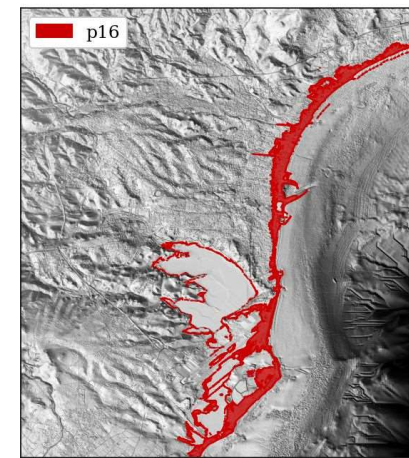
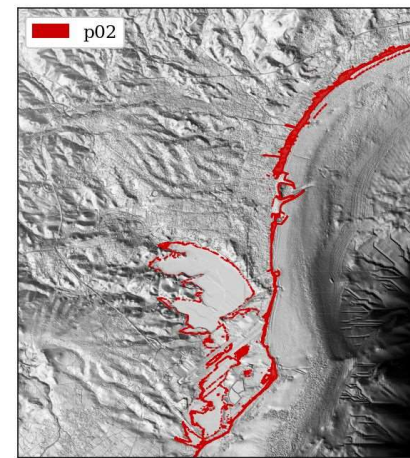
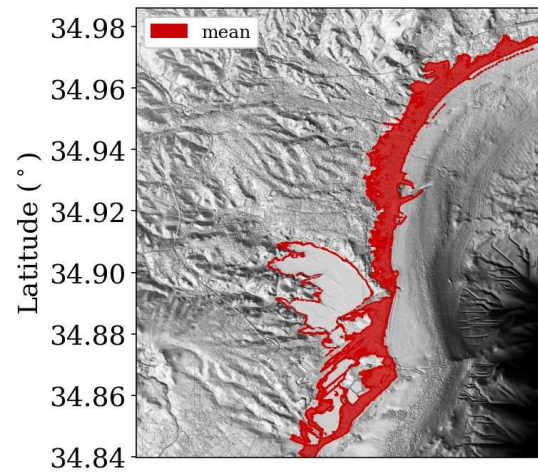
Inundation extent: 250kyr ARP



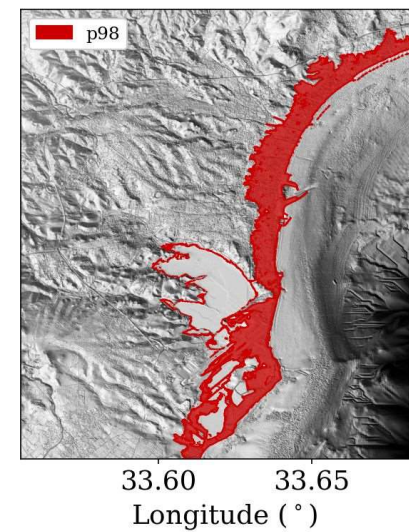
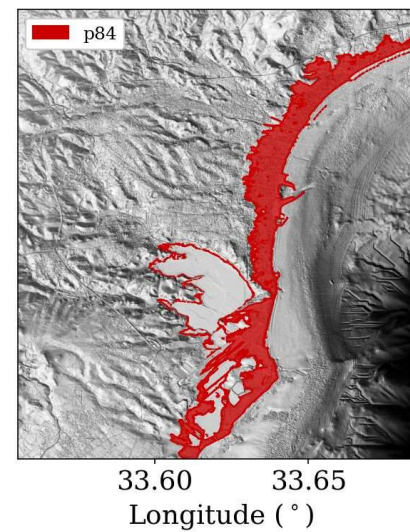
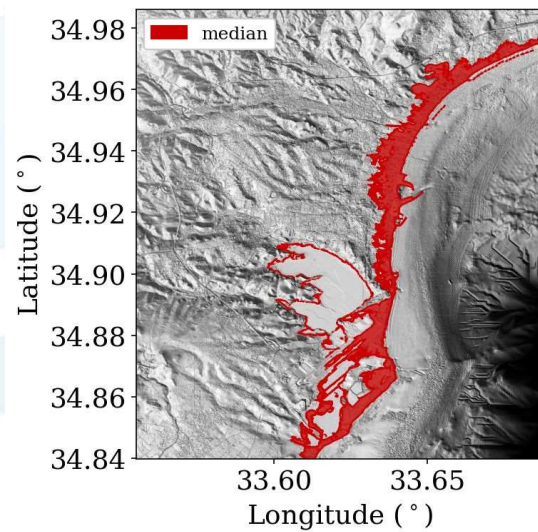
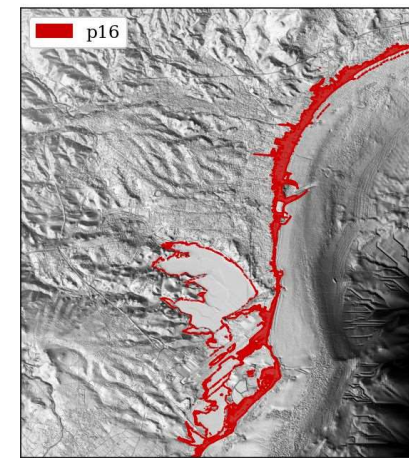
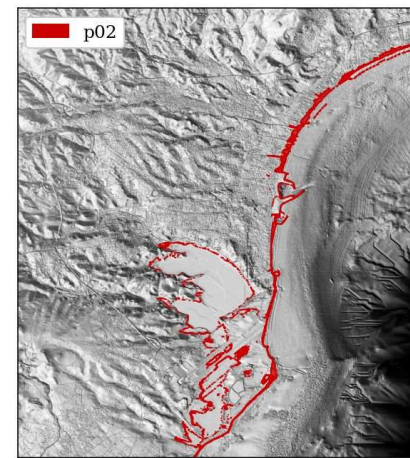
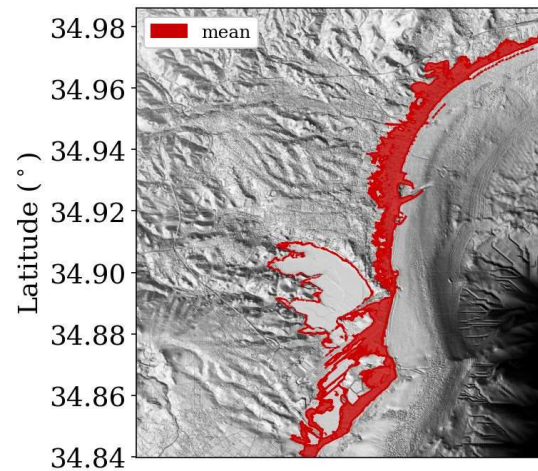
Inundation extent: 25kyr ARP



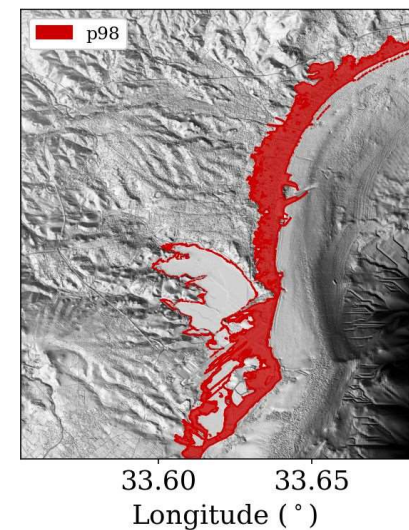
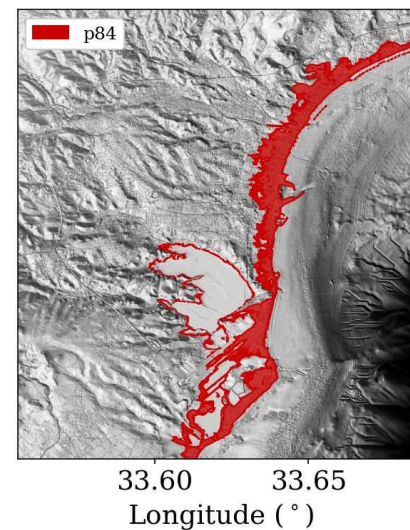
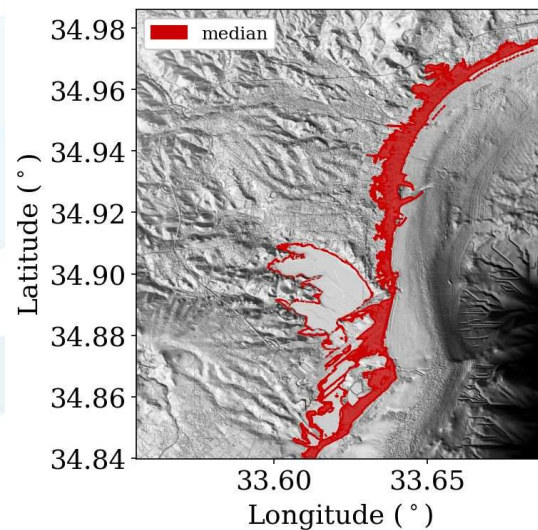
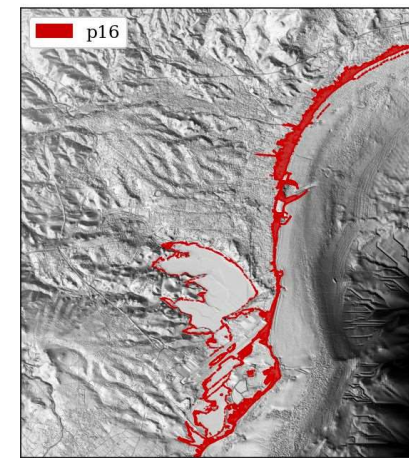
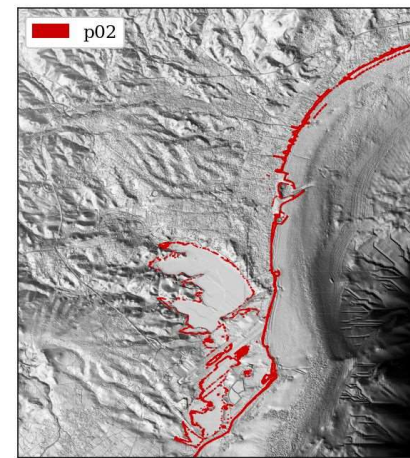
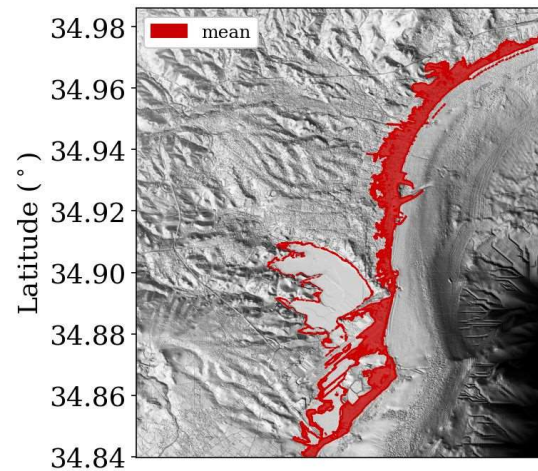
Inundation extent: 10kyr ARP



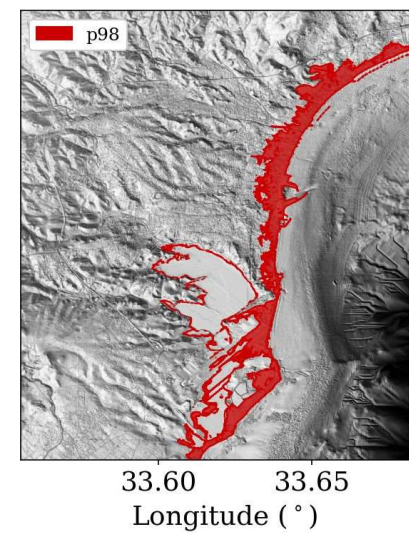
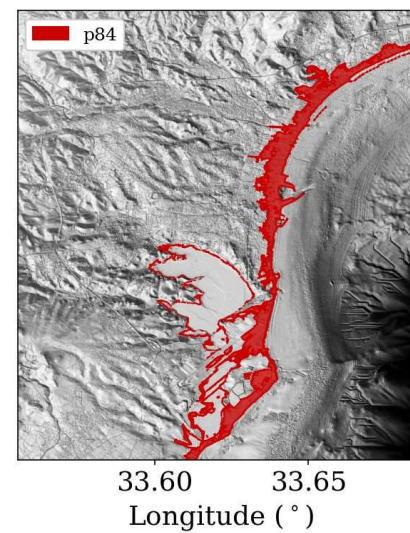
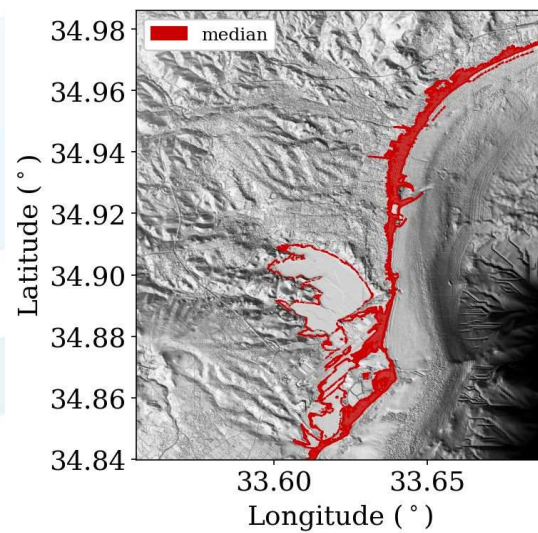
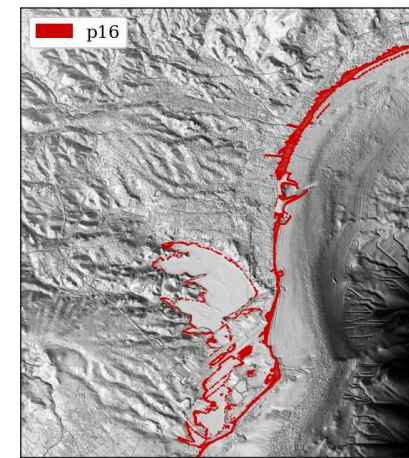
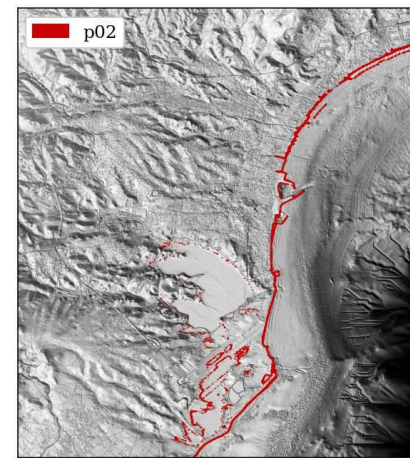
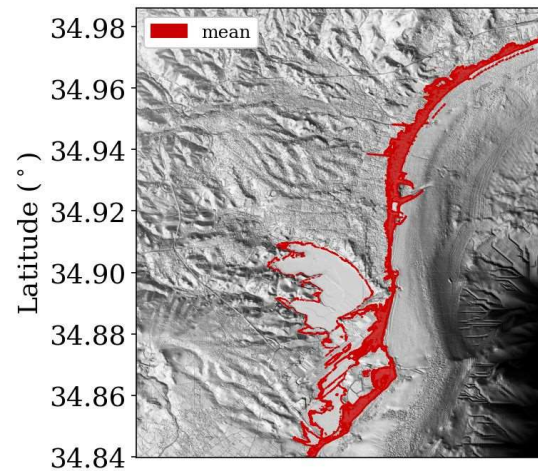
Inundation extent: 5kyr ARP



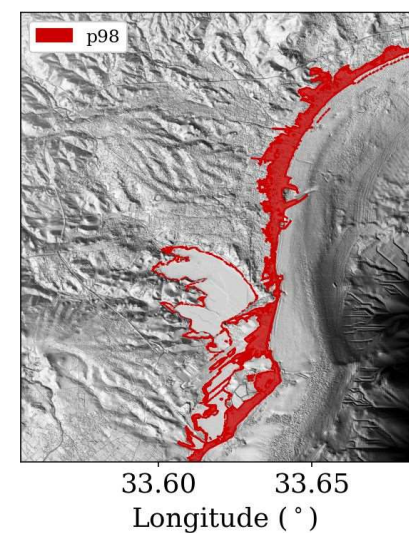
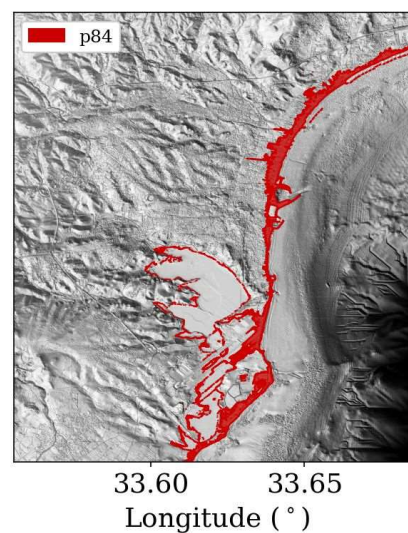
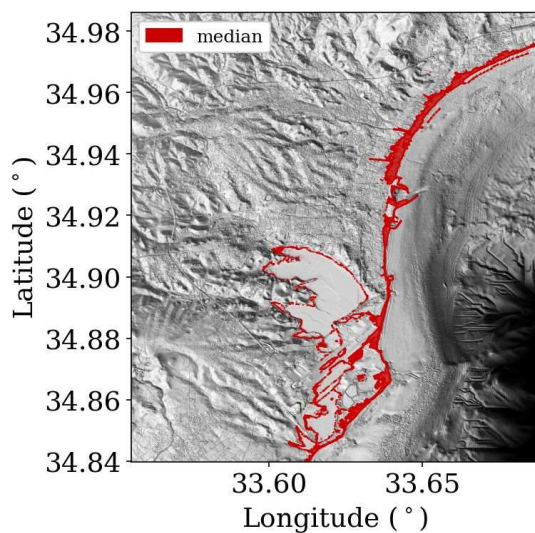
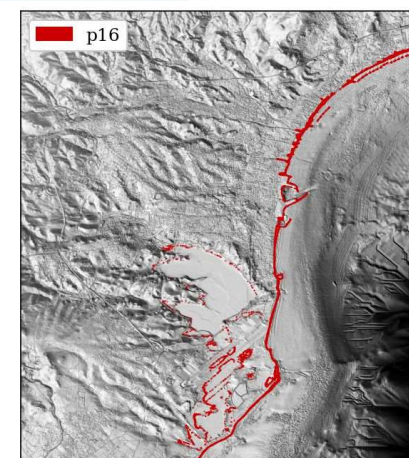
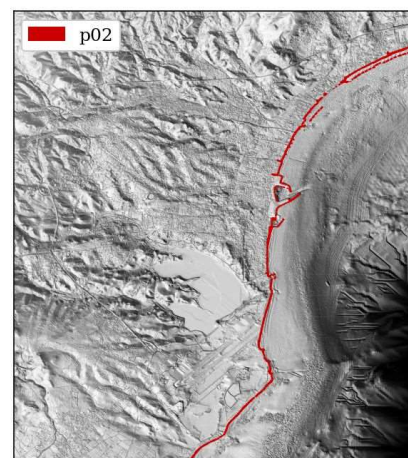
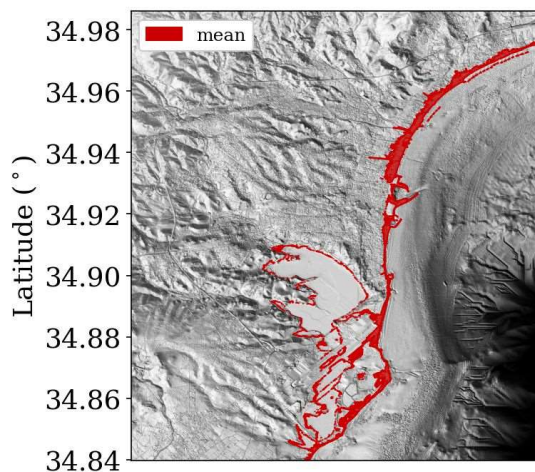
Inundation extent: 2500yr ARP



Inundation extent: 1000yr ARP

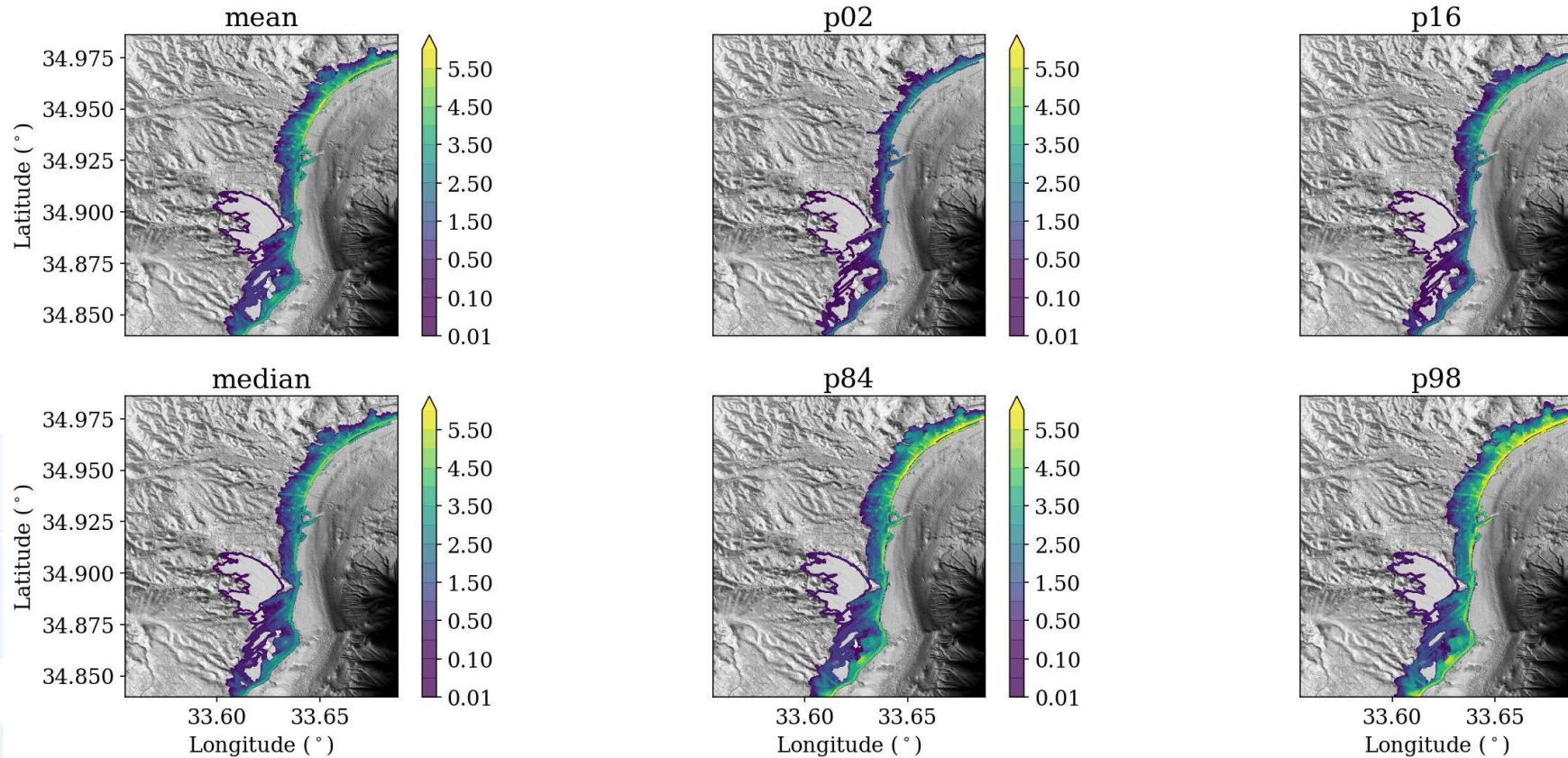


Inundation extent: 500yr ARP



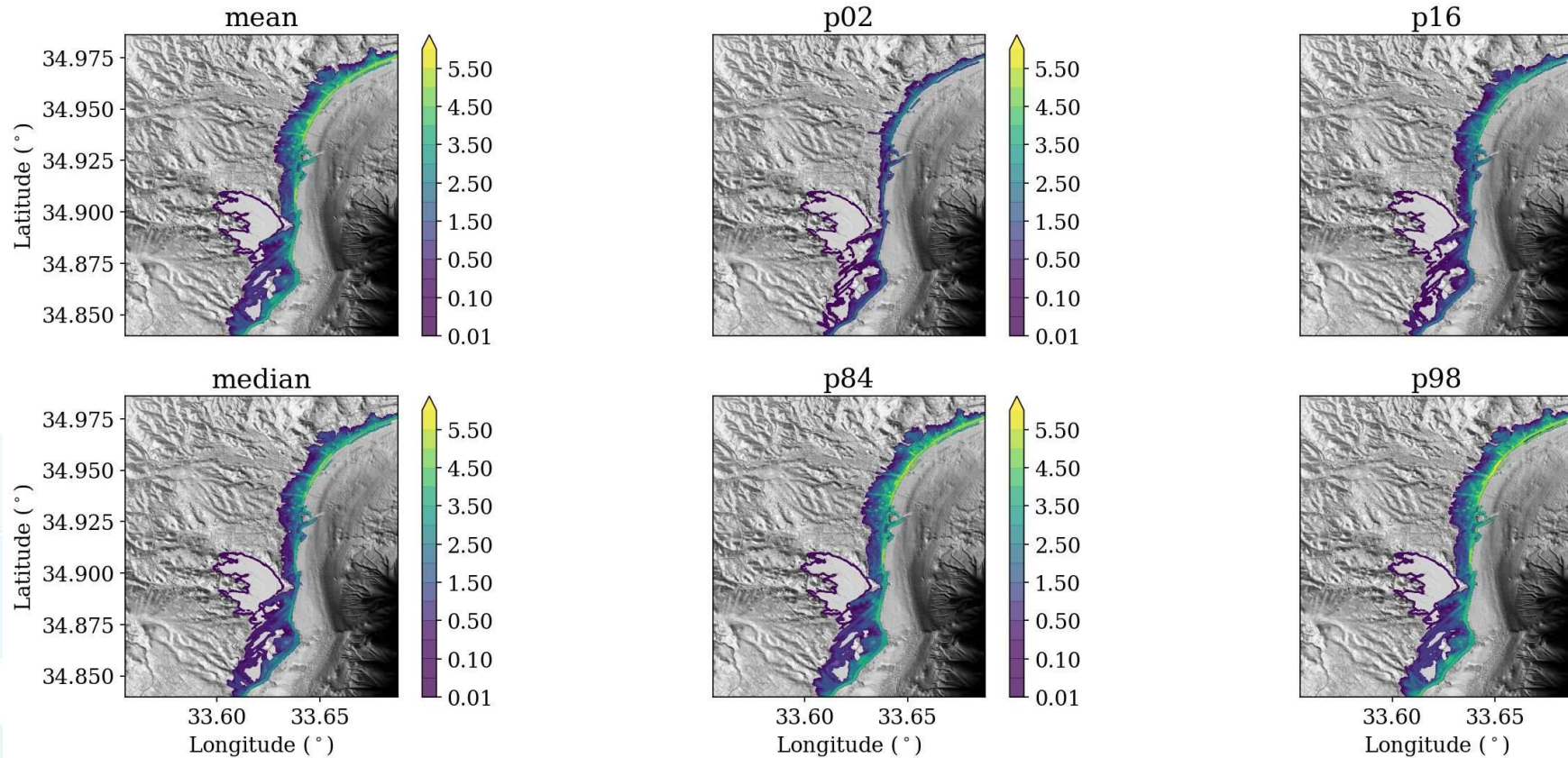
Flow Depth: 1Myr ARP

Flowdepth [m]; ARP: 1000000 years



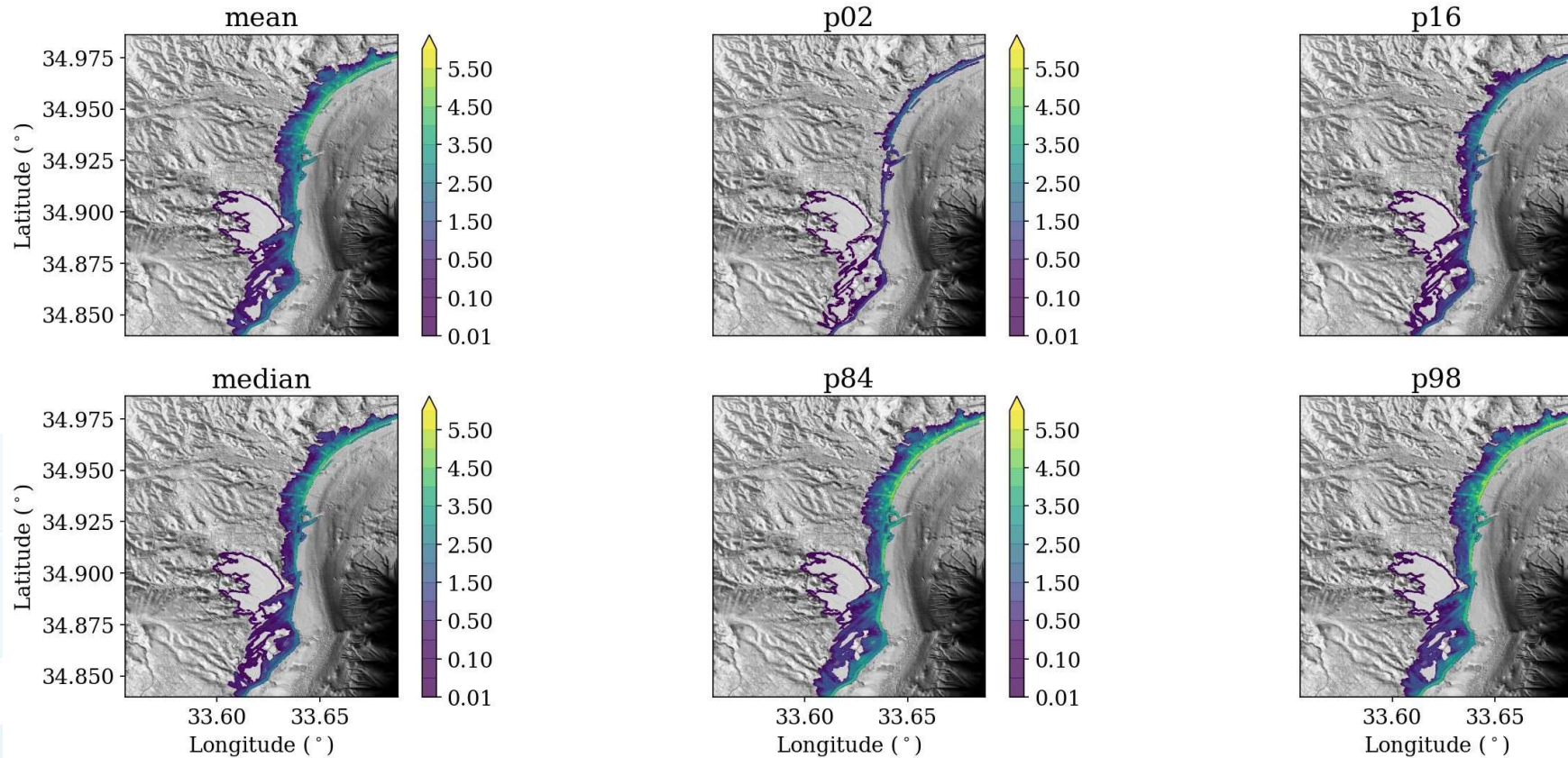
Flow Depth: 250kyr ARP

Flowdepth [m]; ARP: 250000 years



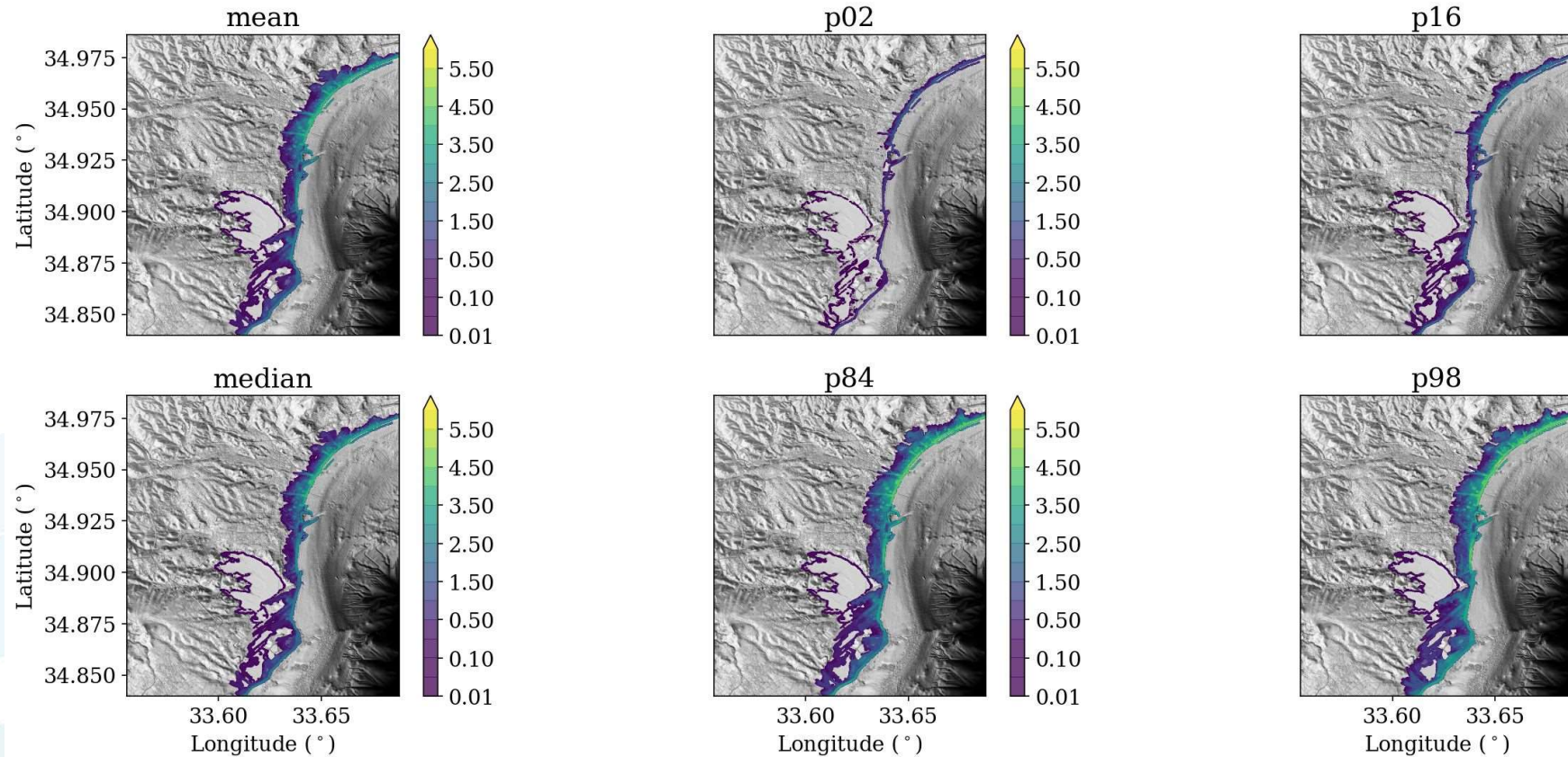
Flow Depth: 25kyr ARP

Flowdepth [m]; ARP: 25000 years



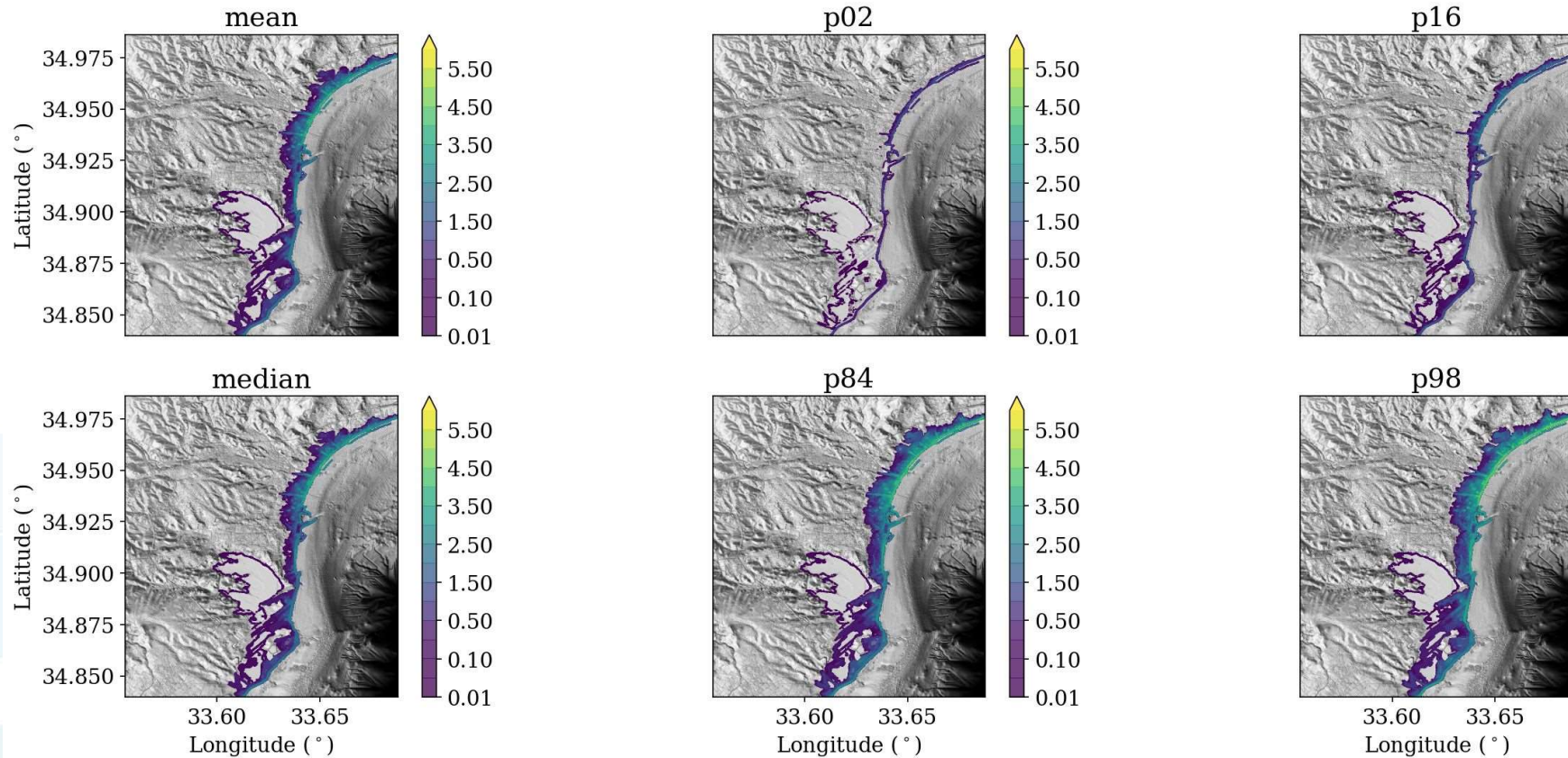
Flow Depth: 10kyr ARP

Flowdepth [m]; ARP: 10000 years



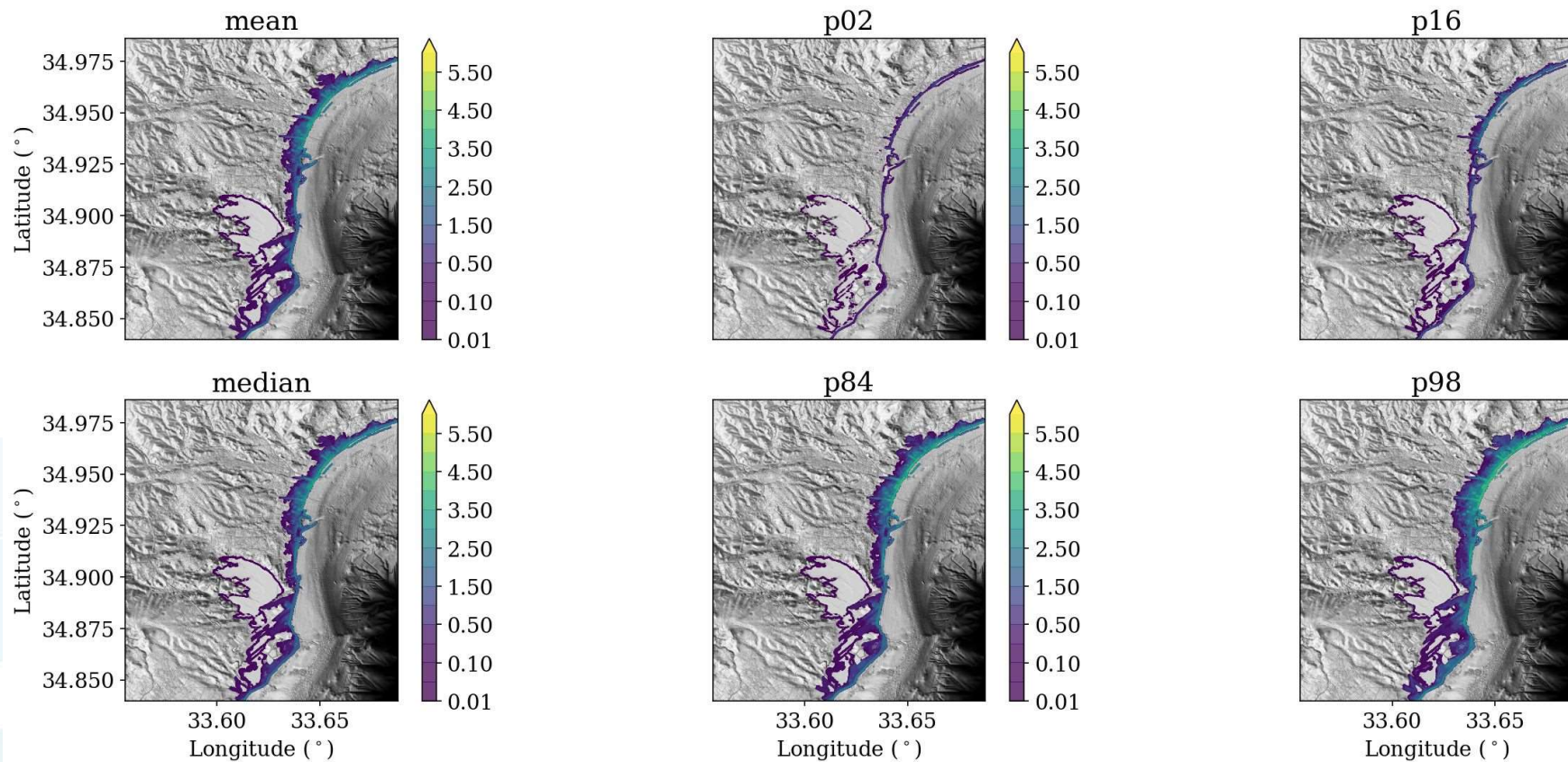
Flow Depth: 5000yr ARP

Flowdepth [m]; ARP: 5000 years



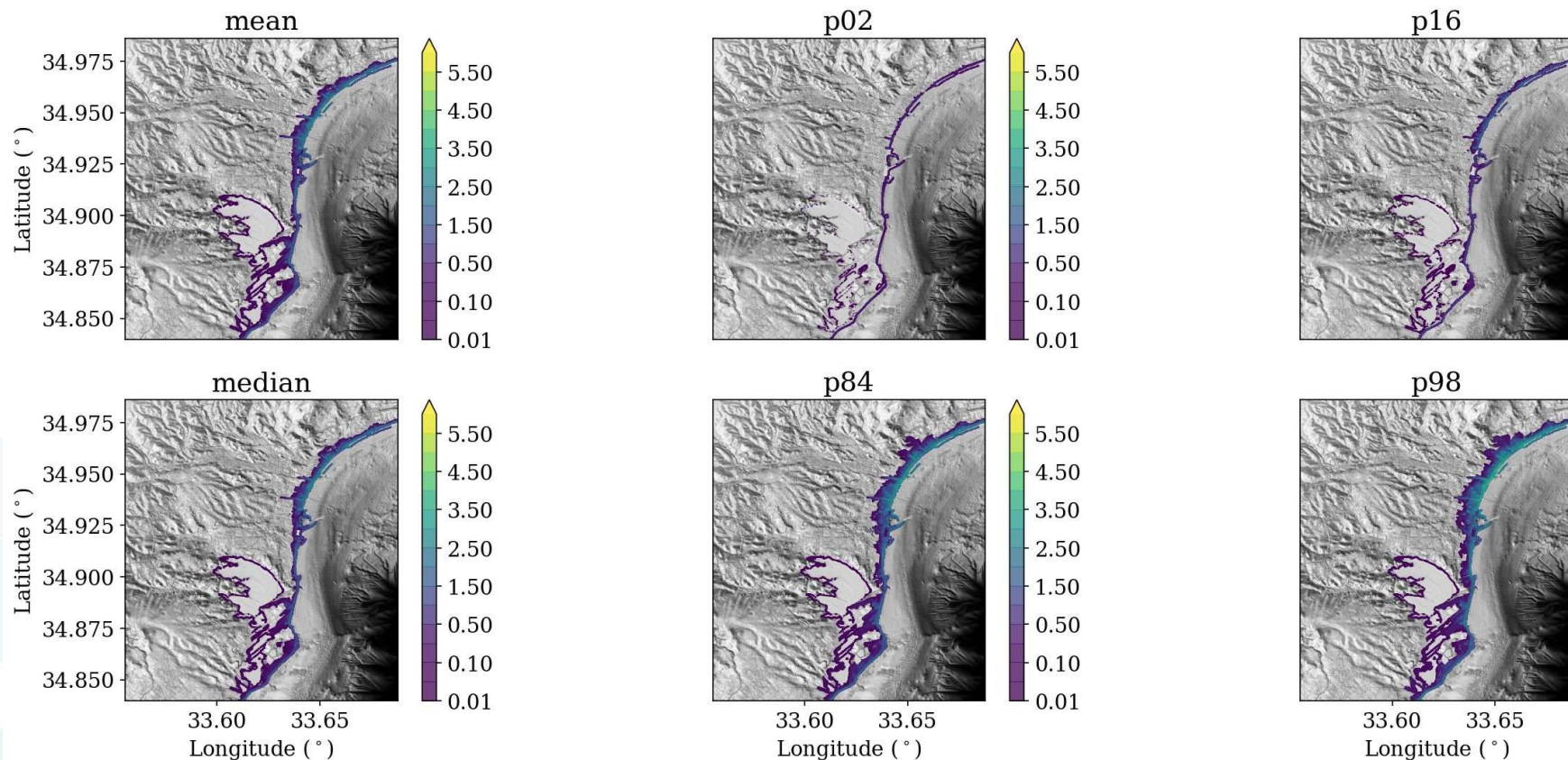
Flow Depth: 2500yr ARP

Flowdepth [m]; ARP: 2500 years



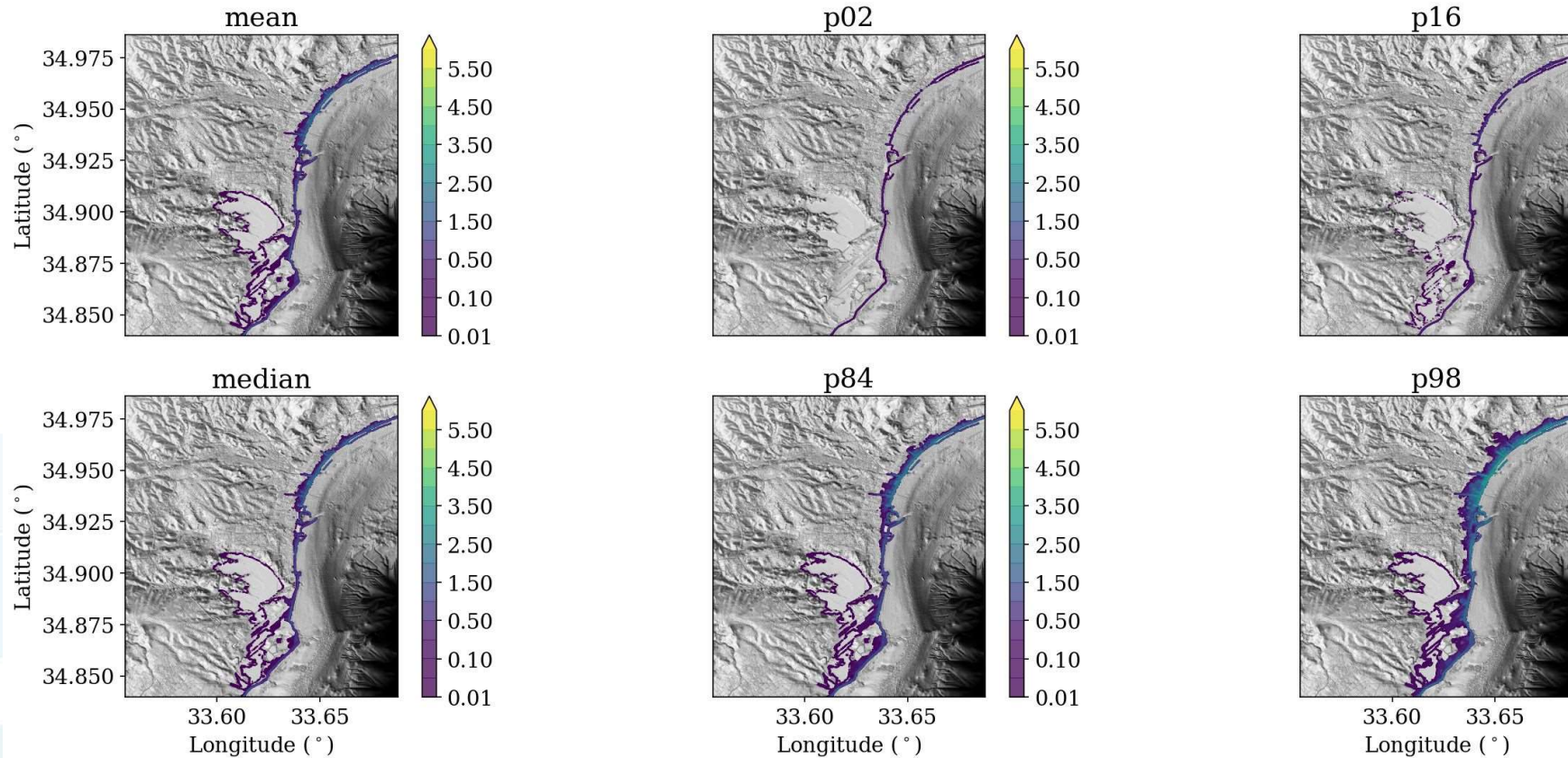
Flow Depth: 1000yr ARP

Flowdepth [m]; ARP: 1000 years

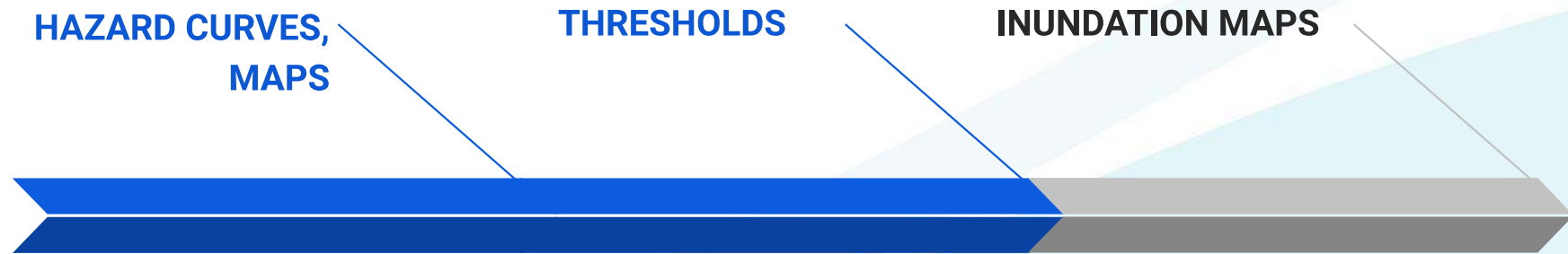


Flow Depth: 500yr ARP

Flowdepth [m]; ARP: 500 years



and finally Tsunami Inundation Mapping



- **Model for the Exceedance rate/probability for a given time interval of different values for the hazard intensity, typically the flow depth, or the height with respect to the sea level**
- **Uncertainty of these estimates**

- **Validation of the hazard maps**
- **Selection of the design rate/probability/return period**
- **Selection of the design model uncertainty level**
- **Safety factors**

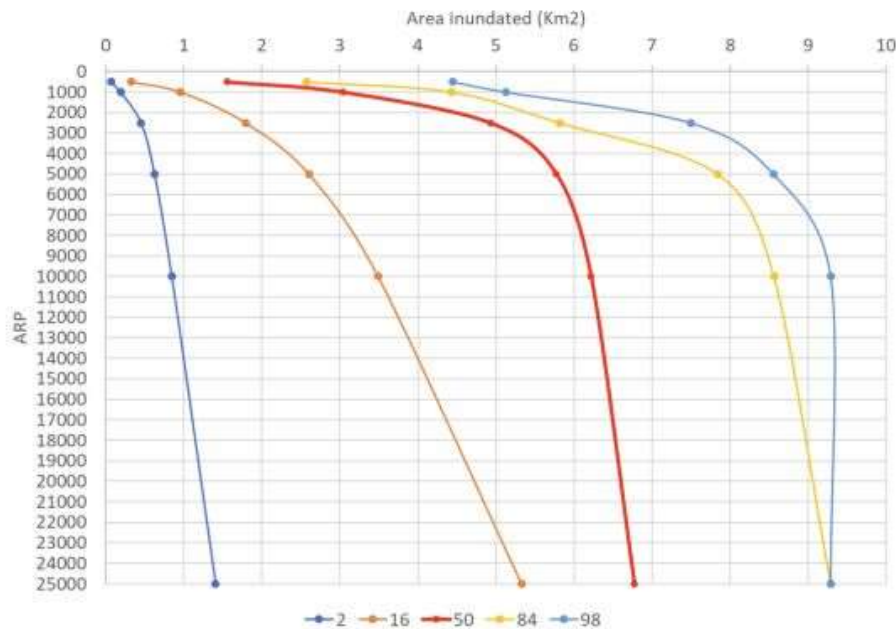
Here the desired level of risk reduction is implicitly chosen

- **Selection of the design inundation as a result of the previous steps**
- **Validation and refinement of the maps**

Decision-making

Perc.	ARP	Annual probability (%)	50 years probability (%)	Area (km ²)	Max Inun. depth (m)	Population Exposed	Crit. Bld. Exposed
P50	500	0.2	10	1.56	2.54	736	9
P50	1000	0.1	5	3.04	3.1	1976	16
P50	2500	0.04	2	4.93	3.8	4946	33
P50	5000	0.02	1	5.77	4.1	8202	34
P50	10000	0.01	0.5	6.22	4.3	11335	35
P84	500	0.2	10	2.57	3	1474	13
P84	1000	0.1	5	4.43	3.6	4198	30
P84	2500	0.04	2	5.82	4.2	6265	34
P84	5000	0.02	1	7.84	4.5	10997	51
P84	10000	0.01	0.5	8.56	4.9	11320	77
P98	500	0.2	10	4.45	3.7	4190	30
P98	1000	0.1	5	5.13	4.1	5360	33
P98	2500	0.04	2	7.49	4.4	9623	46
P98	5000	0.02	1	8.55	4.8	11303	77
P98	10000	0.01	0.5	9.20	5	11562	86

ARP exposed estimates curve

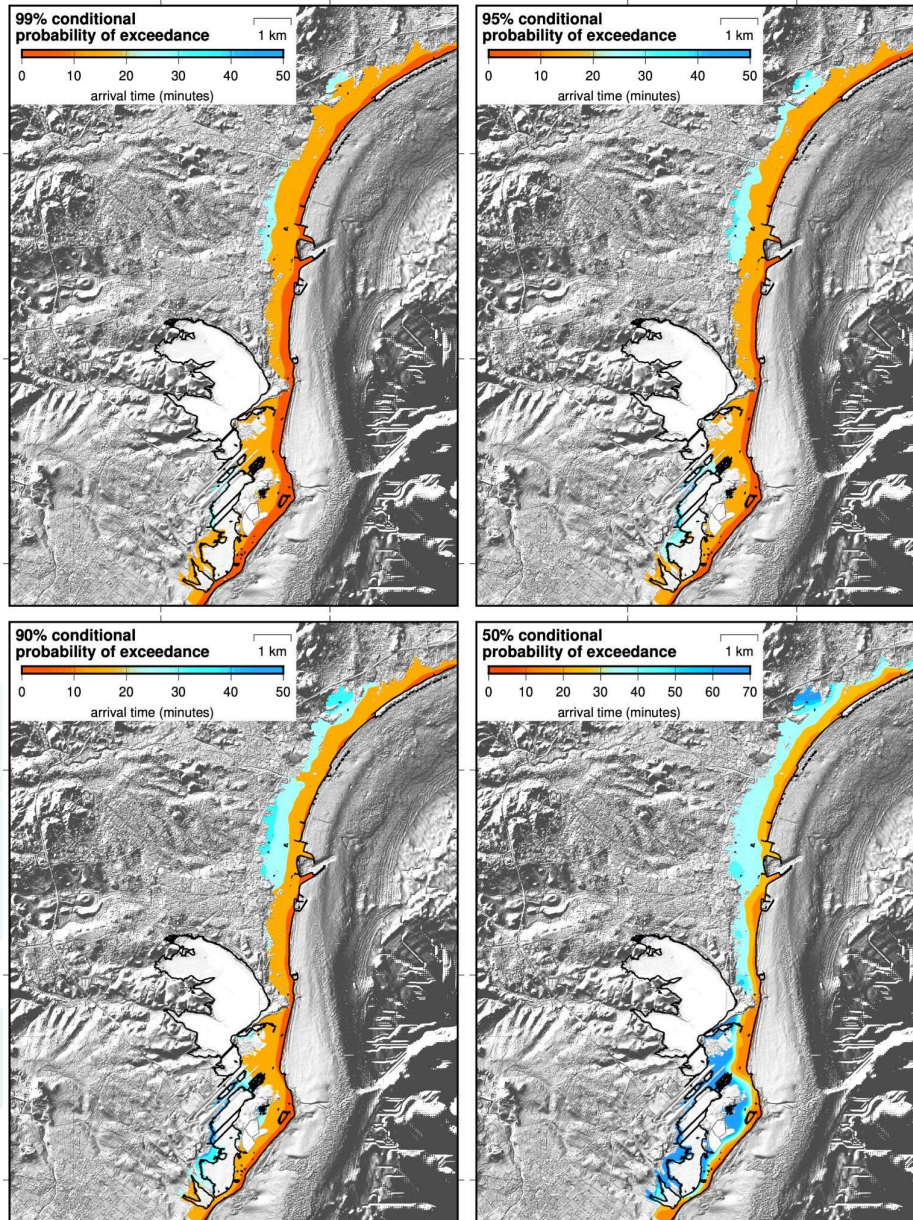


Inundation as a function of the [unclear] and of the Average Return Period



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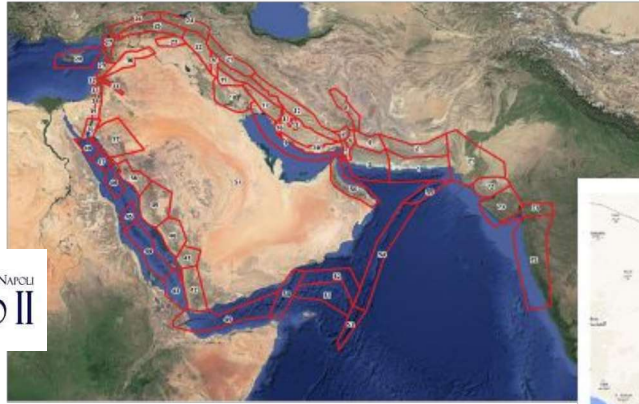
Arrival Time Exceedance Probability, Conditional to 2 cm Inu



- **2 cm arrival times inside designated inundation**
 - from inland simulation series with **~115m** resolution
 - weighted by individual scenarios rates (even normalized)

and for Indian Ocean?

Regional PTHA for Western Indian Ocean



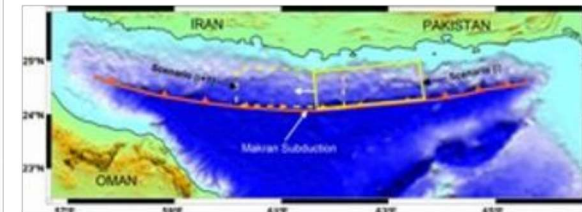
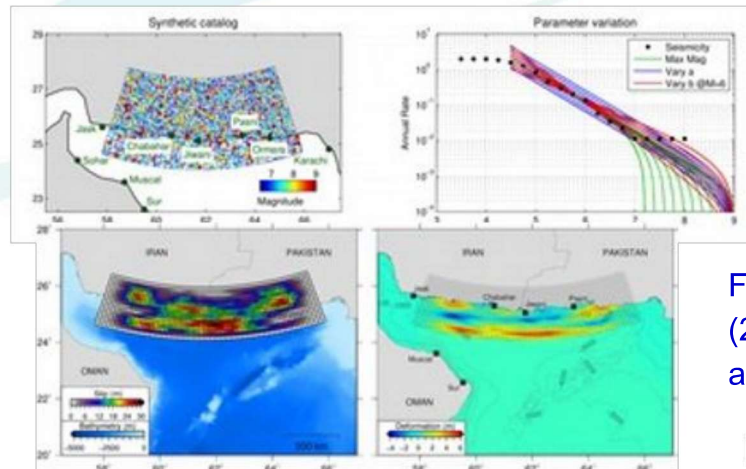
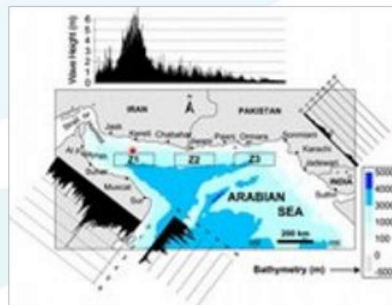
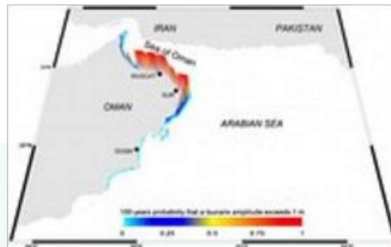
Segmentation

Unsegmented model
($W=0.15$)

Segmented Model
($W=0.85$)

Eastern
($W=0.50$)

Western
($W=0.50$)



Figures from: Heidarzadeh & Kijko (2011), Nat (2016), NHESS; El-Hussain et al. (2016), Arab al. (2020), Nat Haz, Zafarani et al. (2022), Nat

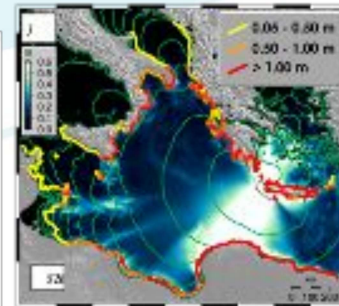
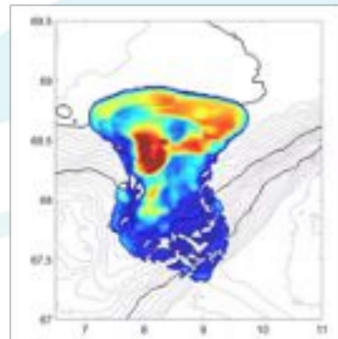
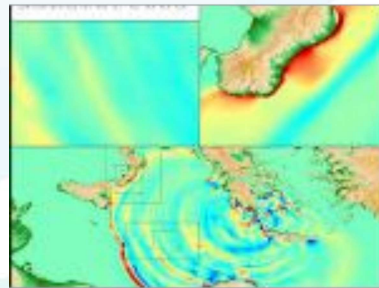
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Opportunities for Transnational Access offered by Geo-IMP



- *Simulations of Tsunami from earthquakes and landslides with HySEA @ UMA, Mal*
- *Landslide Simulations with BingClaw @ NGI, Oslo, Norway*
- *Probabilistic Tsunami Hazard Analysis @ INGV, Rome, Italy (w/ the support of UMA*
- *Probabilistic Tsunami Hazard Analysis @ NGI, Oslo, Norway (w/ the support of UM*
- *High Performance Computing provided on Leonardo Supercomputer @ CINECA, B*
(~4.5 M core-h per project)



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Opportunities for Transnational Access offered by Geo-INQUIRE



<https://www.geo-inquire.eu/transnational-access/general-info>

Access costs are covered by the project, which include the necessary training at the specific installation for external users, equipment consumables and the necessary support personnel. Some installations may provide travel and subsistence support to the selected users. Information will be available during the call.



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Opportunities for Transnational Access offered by Geo-IN



Geo-INQUIRE prospective calendar of Transnational Access calls



CLOSED - EVALUATION ONGOING

foreseen
02 May to 28 June 2024



ISPRA

Istituto Superiore per la Protezione
e la Ricerca Ambientale

Thank you

stefano.lorito@ingv.it

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