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IOC-32/6.1.Doc(1)



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INTERGOVERNMENTAL OCEANOGRAPHIC COMMISSION (of UNESCO)

Thirty-second Session of the Assembly UNESCO, Paris, 21–30 June 2023

Items 6.1 and 6.4 of the Provisional Agenda

DRAFT PROGRAMME AND BUDGET 2022–2025 (SECOND BIENNIUM 2024–2025 – 42 C/5)

<u>Summary</u>

This document presents the proposal for the IOC Draft Programme and Budget for 2024–2025 (42 C/5), as submitted to the 216th session of the UNESCO Executive Board.

<u>Decision proposed</u>: After introduction and discussion in plenary under item 6.1, the Assembly is invited to take note of this report and consider the draft decision referenced as Dec. IOC-32/6.1 in the Provisional Action Paper (document IOC-32/AP). The document will then be subject of an in-depth review by the sessional statutory open-ended Financial Committee and the decision reflected in the Draft Resolution that the Financial Committee will be submitting to the Assembly for adoption under item 6.4 in accordance with paragraph 15 of the Draft Revised Guidelines for the Preparation and Consideration of Draft Resolutions (<u>IOC/INF-1315</u>).

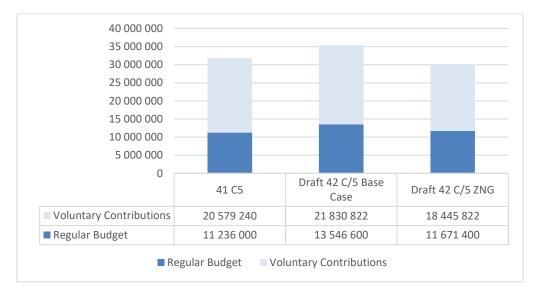
CONTEXT AND BACKGROUND

An integral part of the UNESCO Draft Programme and Budget for 2024–2025 (42 C/5), submitted by the Director-General to the 216th session of the UNESCO Executive Board, this document presents the strategic focus for the final two years of the Approved Programme and Budget for the 2022–2025 quadrennium (41 C/5), endorsed by IOC Resolution <u>A-31/2</u> as presented in document IOC/A-31/4.2.Doc. As such, it represents IOC's ambition, focus and continuity, building on achievements made during the first biennium towards delivering on the Commission's mandate.

In accordance with the decision of the UNESCO Executive Board at its 215th session, two budget scenarios are presented with respect to the regular budget:

- a) Base Case scenario a total UNESCO programme budget of \$564.6 million, which represents an increase of \$30 million in assessed contributions compared to \$534.6 mission for the 41 C/5 Approved regular budget (2022–2023). This scenario responds to strategic priorities set by Member States, as well as projected increases in staff costs and the impact of inflation on non-staff costs. It foresees a significant reinforcement of the IOC with the allocation of \$13,5 million, which represents a budget increase of \$2.2 million (+19.7% variation compared to 41 C/5), including \$0.4 million to strengthen IOC's contribution to Intersectoral Programme 2 in environmental and climate change education
- b) Zero Nominal Growth (ZNG) scenario a total UNESCO programme budget of \$534.6 million, requiring programmatic and budget adjustments to absorb programme and staff statutory increases in inflation, significantly impacting UNESCO's capacity to deliver on the approved Programme for 2022–2025. It foresees the allocation of \$11.7 million to the IOC (+0.4 million or +3.1% compared to 41 C/5).

The chart below shows the comparison between integrated budgetary frameworks of the 41 $C/5^1$ and the two scenarios of the Draft 42 C/5.



The following section of this document presents the narratives and the tables with the detailed presentation of the IOC's Draft 42 C/5 budget proposal in an Integrated Budget Framework (IBF), setting out the resources required for implementation for all sources of funds. It includes the proposed IBF budget based on the Base Case scenario, as well as the impact of the ZNG scenario

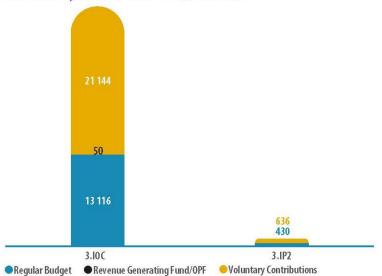
 $^{^1}$ 41 C/5 as approved by the IOC Assembly through IOC Resolution A-31/2 - ref. document IOC/A-31/4.2.Doc

with respect to all figures (programmes, global priorities, priority groups), as well as performance targets.

DRAFT 42 C/5 AS SUBMITTED TO THE 216TH SESSION OF UNESCO EXECUTIVE BOARD

- **03001** In the biennium 2024-2025, IOC will aim to complete the implementation of the 2022-2025 quadrennium results framework and continue coordinating the UN Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Development (2021-2030). The Commission will be guided by its Medium-Term Strategy 2022-2029 and the following key recent international developments:
 - commitment to start managing the ocean sustainably within Exclusive Economic Zones by 2025 by 17 countries affiliated with the High-Level Panel (Ocean Panel) for a Sustainable Ocean Economy and the call of the Ocean Panel on all other countries to do so by 2030;
 - growing understanding that Sustainable Ocean Planning, informed by adequate science, represents a major opportunity to develop sustainable ocean economy, reduce poverty and address ocean aspects of climate change, while at the same time preserving and restoring the ocean health;
 - recognition of the roles of the ocean and IOC in the United Nations Climate and Biodiversity frameworks and in the Political Declaration of the UN Ocean Conference in Lisbon in 2022, and
 - perspectives associated with the 2025 UN Ocean Conference planned to be co-organized by France and Costa Rica.

Total Integrated Budget Framework by output and source of funds (in USD '000) - Base Case



Breakdown by source of funds - 42 C /5 Base Case

Global Priorities

03002 Global Priority Africa: The potential for scaling up the work of the IOC Sub-Commission for Africa

and the Adjacent Island States is currently greater than ever due to the new Ocean Decade Africa Roadmap. This plan will help to implement programmatic priorities set out in the UNESCO Global Priority Africa

| Global Priority Africa (in USD '000) | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| IBF (Base Case) | % IBF total | ZNG impact (IBF) | | | | |
| 8 6 9 5 | 25 | (1 438) | | | | |

Flagship Programme 5. Under its new Capacity Development Strategy, IOC will continue to expand the global network of training centres and make full use of regional and local expertise to deliver needstailored training in key ocean issues for Africa. Expansion of training subjects and broader outreach will be achieved due to the transformation of the IOC OceanTeacher Global Academy (OTGA) from a classroom-based to online training facility. The IOC Ocean Data and Information System (ODIS) and its Ocean InfoHub project that has already created a regional community of practice in Africa, will continue to facilitate access to global ocean information, data and knowledge products for management and sustainable development, including based on indigenous and local knowledge.

| | Flagship | Programmes - 42 | C/5 Base Case (in | 7blC immedt | ZNG | |
|----------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|------------------|
| | Regular Budget | Revenue Generating Fund/OPF | Voluntary Contributions | Total IBF | ZNG impact on Regular Budget | impact on IBF |
| Flagship Programme 5 | 2 920 | 12 | 4 472 | 7 404 | (309) | (886) |

03003 Global Priority Gender Equality: With continued monitoring through the Global Ocean Science

Report and its data portal, IOC will focus on developing a roadmap, through which gender equality can be mainstreamed throughout the Ocean Decade actions, in addition to the already launched Programme on Leadership of Women in the Ocean Decade.

| Global Priority Gender Equality (in USD '000) | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| IBF (Base Case) | % IBF total | ZNG impact (IBF) | | | | |
| 4316 | 12 | (591) | | | | |

Priority Groups

SIDS are solidly defined as a priority group in the IOC Medium-Term Strategy 2022-2029. Key focus is on their safety, including efficiency of tsunami warnings.

The Ocean Decade Tsunami Programme will significantly develop the technical foundation and societal impact of the warning systems, striving to make sure that 100% of at-risk communities in the Caribbean, Pacific

| SIDS (in USD '000) | | | | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| IBF (Base Case) | % IBF total | ZNG impact (IBF) | | | | | |
| 6 6 1 8 | 19 | (888) | | | | | |

Ocean, Indian Ocean and Mediterranean and northeast Atlantic are recognized as Tsunami Ready. Alliances and agreements with partner organizations in Atlantic and Pacific will ensure enhanced engagement of ocean basins not covered by IOC subsidiary bodies.

03005 Youth: With regional hubs in Africa and Asia, the UN Ocean Decade Early Career Ocean Professionals

programme will continue to strengthen perspectives for new generations of ocean scientists, offering them a collective voice and transferring to them the knowledge from experienced professionals. Promoting ocean sus-

| Youth (in USD '000) | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|-------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| IBF (Base Case) | % IBF total | ZNG impact (IBF) | | | | | |
| 1 464 | 4 | (458) | | | | | |

tainability – "the Ocean We Want" – will incorporate new ways of thinking and stewardship.

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Budget scenarios and related impact

Base case scenario

- **03006** This scenario allows IOC to lay the foundations for sustainable ocean management, contributing to the attainment of many ocean-dependent Sustainable Development Goals. The vehicle for this would be strengthened capacity to effectively coordinate the UN Ocean Science Decade for Sustainable Development, further mobilize strategic partnerships and catalyze contributions of stakeholders at national, regional and global levels to successfully achieve the seven outcomes of the Decade. This scenario would also enable a better combination of programmes and activities with the considerably increased and targeted ocean research under the Ocean Decade.
- **03007** Continued co-design of ocean observing systems, through the Global Ocean Observing System and Decade programmes, along with advances in the data and knowledge management infrastructure, will help to deliver quality data and basin-scale information products. Progress in data and information will enable research on data assimilation, modelling and prediction. These products will offer to Member States the needed guidance on risk-resilient ocean planning for sustainable ocean economy, facilitating intersectoral decisions in marine resource management, biodiversity conservation, and addressing ocean hazards under a changing climate. During 2024-2025, a 100%-increase of the number of communities recognized as tsunami ready will be pursued through building awareness and preparedness, with a focus on SIDS and LDCs.
- **03008** Progress in observations, data management, scientific research, and the overall orientation on sustainable ocean management will help to form a more effective and influential science-policy-society interface in ocean matters. A new Ocean Decade Capacity Development Facility will come on-line, focusing on the training needs of SIDS and LDCs. The IOC's work in Ocean Literacy will be expanded with specific funding and performance indicators under the UNESCO Intersectoral Programme 2. Increased capacity of Member States and civil society to access, communicate and use critical ocean information will also be achieved through policy-relevant assessments and knowledge products, combining UN processes and reporting mechanisms on SDG14 targets for which IOC is a UN custodian agency.
- **03009** Available resources will also allow modest but necessary investment in communication, outreach, and strategic partnerships. This combination of scientific and technological advancement and societal involvement is a must for creating a vibrant community of Member States collaborating through networking, leveraging the IOC regional structure, achieving objectives of the IOC Medium-Term Strategy, and realizing the vision of the Ocean Decade.

ZNG scenario

- **03010** The decline in regular programme and budget resources the only stable funding for core operations will have a dramatic effect on the IOC ability to function and deliver effectively its tasks at a time when the Commission is entrusted with coordinating the UN Ocean Decade. Another major impact of this budget scenario would be the estimated reduction of over \$3.4 million in voluntary contributions raised and related activities implemented for the benefit of Member States.
- **03011** Moreover, as experience shows, the largest difficulties under reduced Regular Programme and Budget resources emerge in maintaining core IOC mandated activities and programmes. For example, ocean observing networks, particularly in the central ocean areas unite contributions by multiple nations. They are worth approximately one billion US Dollars annually and result in valuable climate data products and predictions. These operational systems and information networks in the open ocean have already suffered losses under the lockdown due to the COVID-19 pandemic. As a consequence, even modest

fundraising for international coordination of maintenance of these crucial networks is challenging. Thirty-four Member States will not benefit from the IOC Ocean Data and Information System (ODIS) and 4 Member States will not be engaged in advancing ocean observation and data management through the Global Ocean Observing System (GOOS).

- **03012** The lack of stable core funding will also impact many other facets of the IOC operations, including the life-saving work on ocean hazards. While the Ocean Decade Tsunami Programme aims to significantly upgrade the functionality of the system, it will be difficult to achieve this objective on a project-based approach. The ambitions of Tsunami Ready Community Recognition programme and the much-needed upscaling of the IOC regional work would depend entirely on voluntary contributions, without adequate seed funding to help mobilize such resources. As a result, for example, 9 Member States will not benefit from support for the establishment of a National Tsunami Ready Board and at least one Tsunami Ready community.
- **03013** The ZNG budget scenario will also lead to a significant decrease of the volume of data on national capacities in marine scientific research and biodiversity collected and presented in the Global Ocean Science Report (GOSR). Seventeen Member States will not be supported in strengthening their capacities through the Ocean Teacher Global Academy (OTGA), and 10 Member States will not benefit from access to multi-languages ocean literacy resources and training programmes.

Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission -Results Framework

OUTCOME 3

Enhance knowledge for climate action, biodiversity, water and ocean management, and disaster risk reduction

OUTPUT 3.IOC1 Member States critically supported in strengthening their capacity to conduct marine scientific research, generate knowledge, and develop and implement science-based tools, services, and policies in order to reverse the decline in ocean health and accelerate the transition towards sustainable management of ocean-related risks and opportunities

| | | ZNG Impact | ZNG impact | | | |
|------------------------|--------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------|----------------------|---------|
| Regular Budget Revenue | Output | Revenue Generating Fund/OPF | Voluntary Contributions | TOTAL IBF | on Regular Budget | on IBF |
| 3.10C1 | 13 116 | 50 | 21 144 | 34 311 | (1 445) | (4 505) |

Table 1 • Resources by source of funds (in USD '000)

Table 2 • Results framework

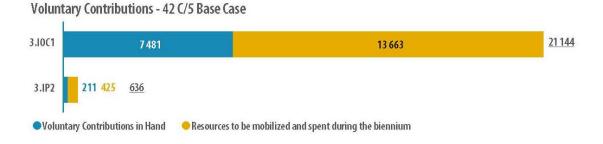
| Results Frame | work – 42 C/5 Base Case | | ZNG Impact | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Performance Indicators | Baselines 2023 | Targets 2025 | Targets 2025 | |
| Number of Member States with experts actively engaged in the design and implementation of ocean research, generating knowledge to address key sustainability issues | (i) 98 (Africa 22, SIDS 19, 37% (i) 106 (Africa 24, SIDS 22,) women among experts) SIDS 22,) (ii) SDG 14.3.1: 40 (Africa 8, SIDS 3) (ii) SDG 14.3.1: 45 (Africa 8, 12, SIDS 6) | | (i) 102 (Africa 24, SIDS 20) (ii) SDG 14.3.1: 42 (Africa 10, SIDS 4) | |
| 2. Number of Member States engaged in advancing ocean observation and data management through the Global Ocean Observing System (GOOS) and IOC Ocean Data and Information System (ODIS) delivering key information for science- informed solutions | GOOS: (i) contributing to global networks: 84 (Africa 8, SIDS 8) (ii) actively monitoring ocean biological variables: 62 (Africa 5, SIDS 12) | GOOS: (i) 88 (Africa 10, SIDS 10) (ii) 70 (Africa 7, SIDS 18) | GOOS: (i) 84 (Africa 8, SIDS 8) (ii) 62 (Africa 5, SIDS 12) | |
| | ODIS/OIH: 25 (Africa 2, SIDS 5) ODIS/OBIS: 61 (Africa 16, SIDS 21) | ODIS/OIH: 50 (Africa 4, SIDS 15) ODIS/OBIS: 70 (Africa 18, SIDS 24) | ODIS/OIH: 25 (Africa 2, SIDS 5) ODIS/OBIS: 61 (Africa 16, SIDS 21) | |
| 3. Number of Member States with strengthened capacities to develop and implement early warning systems and increase preparedness for and resilience to the risks of tsunamis and other ocean- related hazards | (i) Tsunami Warning Focal Points: 142 (Africa 11, SIDS 35) (ii) National Tsunami Ready Board and at least 1 Tsunami Ready Community: 22 (Africa 0, SIDS 9) | (i) 146 (Africa 13, SIDS 38) (ii) 44 (Africa 5, SIDS 20) | (i) 144 (Africa 11, SIDS 37) (ii) 35 (Africa 3, SIDS 16) | |
| 4. Number of supported Member States that contribute data and information to assessment, global repositories, science / policy interface underpinning sustainable ocean management and decision-making | 70 (Africa 12, SIDS 5) | 82 (Africa 15, SIDS 10) | 72 (Africa 13, SIDS 9) | |
| 5. Number of Member States supported in the implementation of science-based ocean management plans and transformative solutions for sustainable development | Ocean Decade: 80 (Africa 15, SIDS 10) MSP Roadmap: 100 (Africa 16, SIDS 14) | Ocean Decade: 90 (Africa 18, SIDS 13) MSP Roadmap: 110 (Africa 20, SIDS 16) | Ocean Decade: 81 (Africa 15, SIDS 10) MSP Roadmap: 101 (Africa 16, SIDS 14) | |
| 6. Number of Member States supported in strengthening their capacity in marine scientific research and biodiversity, observations and services, through the IOC Capacity Development | GOSR: 53 (Africa 13, SIDS 4) CD OTGA: 87 (Africa 30, SIDS 15) | GOSR: 65 (Africa 15, SIDS 6) CD OTGA: 105 (Africa 35, SIDS 15) | GOSR: 58 (Africa 13, SIDS 4) CD OTGA: 88 (Africa 30, SIDS 15) | |
| 7. Number of Member States provided with access to multi-languages ocean literacy resources and training programmes | 80 (Africa 8, SIDS 10) | 100 (Africa 20, SIDS 15) | 90 (Africa 10, SIDS 12) | |

Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission -Resources

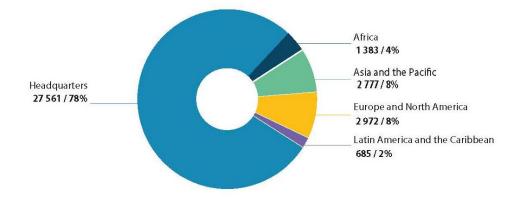
IOC - Integrated Budget Framework by output and source of funds (in USD '000)

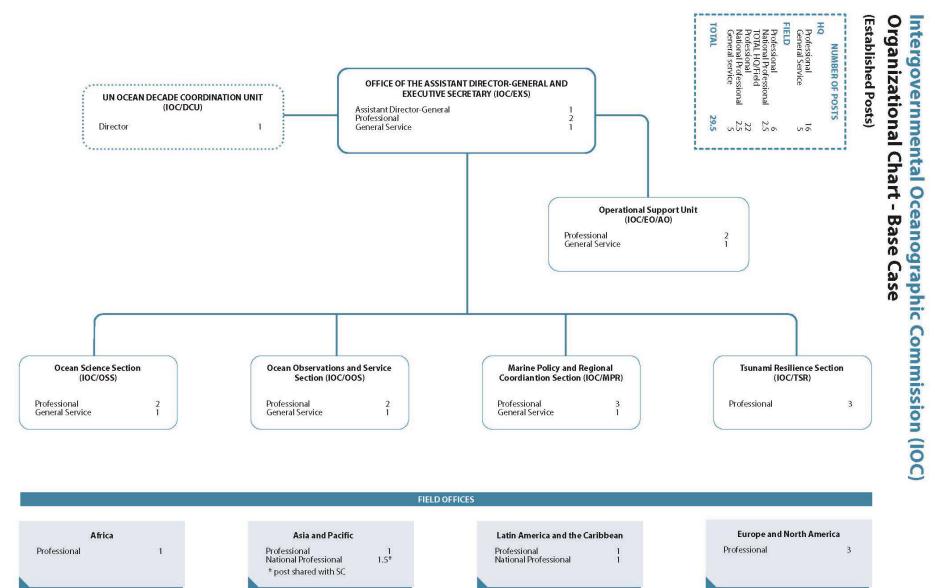
| | | Breakd | own by source of | funds - 42 C/5 Base | Case | ZNG Impact | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|
| | Output | Regular Budget | Revenue Generating Fund/OPF | Voluntary Contributions | TOTAL IBF | on Regular Budget | ZNG impact on IBF | |
| 3.IOC1 | | 13 116 | 50 | 21 144 | 34 3 1 1 | (1 445) | (4 505) | |
| | Sub-total | 13 116 | 50 | 21 144 | 34 311 | (1 445) | (4 505) | |
| IOC - Interse | ctoral Programmes | | | 1 | | | | |
| 3.IP2 | | 430 | - | 636 | 1 067 | (430) | (755) | |
| | Sub-total IPs | 430 | - | 636 | 1 067 | (430) | (755) | |
| Total Intergo Oceanograpi | overnmental hic Commission | 13 547 | 50 | 21 781 | 35 377 | (1 875) | (5 260) | |

IOC – Voluntary contributions (in USD '000) - Base Case



IOC – Decentralization of resources by Region (in USD '000) - Base Case





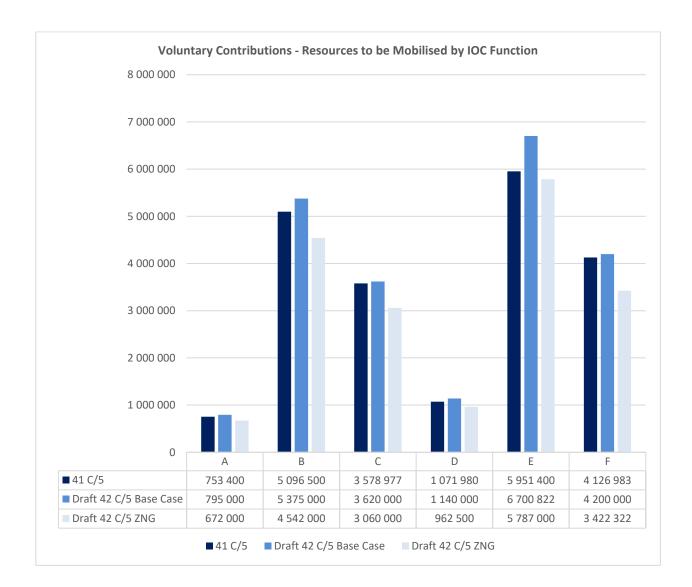
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PROPOSED DISTRIBUTION OF RESOURCES TO IOC FUNCTIONS & ACTIVITIES

| | | | | Re | egular Bud | get Allocations | (in US\$) | |
|--|-------|-----|-----------|-----------|----------------------|-----------------|--------------|--|
| Function/Activity title | Scope | | Impl.unit | 44 o /= * | | Draft 42 C/5 | | |
| | | | | 41 C/5* | Base Case scenario Z | | ZNG scenario | |
| FUNCTION A - Ocean Research | | | | 135, | 745 | 264,500 | 162,280 | |
| WCRP | | GLO | IOC | 33,0 | 000 | 50,000 | 30,000 | |
| Ocean Carbon Sources & Sinks | | GLO | IOC | 49, | 745 | 107,250 | 66,140 | |
| CC impact on ocean & coastal ecosystems | | GLO | IOC | 53,0 | 000 | 107,250 | 66,140 | |
| FUNCTION B - Observing Systems & Data Managem | nent | | | 503,2 | 205 | 933,715 | 591,220 | |
| GOOS design, development, engagement & impact | | GLO | IOC | 192,0 | 025 | 270,525 | 243,790 | |
| GOOS Projects through IOCAFRICA | | AFR | NAI | 33, | 715 | 33,715 | 20,000 | |
| GOOS Regional Alliances | | GLO | IOC | 26, | 500 | 66,500 | 33,640 | |
| Observing system integration & delivery | | GLO | IOC | 52,9 | 975 | 117,975 | 59,000 | |
| Ocean forecast systems & applications | | GLO | IOC | 43,0 | 040 | 45,000 | 46,270 | |
| IODE & OBIS core systems | | GLO | IOC | 54,3 | 300 | 133,270 | 62,840 | |
| IODE & OBIS products & services | | GLO | IOC | 44,3 | 365 | 133,270 | 62,840 | |
| IODE & OBIS training & education | | GLO | IOC | 56,2 | 285 | 133,460 | 62,840 | |
| FUNCTION C - Early Warning & Services | | | | 261, | 045 | 541,146 | 320,220 | |
| Promote integrated & sustained warning systems | | GLO | IOC | 79,8 | 385 | 167,455 | 104,300 | |
| Tsunami-Ready - Educating communities at risk | | GLO | IOC | 38,3 | 345 | 65,505 | 40,800 | |
| Tsunami-Ready - Caribbean | | LAC | IOC | 22,6 | 655 | 41,925 | 26,110 | |
| Tsunami-Ready - Pacific | | APA | API | 26,4 | 480 | 43,676 | 26,480 | |
| Building capacities for assessment | | GLO | IOC | 39, | 730 | 83,280 | 51,870 | |
| Building capacities for assessment Indian Ocean | | INT | JAK | 26,9 | 980 | 56,555 | 35,230 | |
| HAB & NIS Research & Monitoring | | GLO | IOC | 26,9 | 970 | 82,750 | 35,430 | |
| FUNCTION D - Assessment & Information for Policy | 1 | | IOC | 136,2 | 235 | 282,750 | 158,300 | |
| Follow-up to SDGs, WOA & StOR | | GLO | IOC | 49,2 | 265 | 75,000 | 57,130 | |
| GEBCO | | GLO | IOC | 20,0 | 000 | 40,000 | 25,400 | |
| Reducing nutrient enrichment | | GLO | IOC | 26,9 | 970 | 82,750 | 33,070 | |
| CC adaptation in coastal zones Africa | | AFR | NAI | 20,0 | 000 | 30,000 | 20,000 | |
| CC adaptation in coastal zones | | GLO | IOC | 20,0 | 000 | 55,000 | 22,700 | |
| FUNCTION E - Sustainable Management & Governa | ince | | | 448, | 760 | 760,000 | 458,238 | |
| IOC Governing bodies | | GLO | IOC | 240,0 | 000 | 240,000 | 240,000 | |
| IOCARIBE | | LAC | IOC | 26,9 | 970 | 30,000 | 22,000 | |
| IOCAFRICA | | AFR | NAI | 26,9 | 970 | 30,000 | 22,000 | |
| WESTPAC | | APA | BGK | 26,9 | 970 | 30,000 | 22,000 | |
| IOCINDIO | | APA | IOC | 20,0 | 000 | 30,000 | 22,000 | |
| IOC Communication & Outreach | | GLO | IOC | | | 85,000 | 20,238 | |
| UN partnerships | | GLO | IOC | 47,4 | 400 | 75,000 | 50,000 | |
| UN Decade preparation/coordination | | GLO | IOC | 20,0 | 000 | 155,000 | | |
| ICAM & MSP | | GLO | IOC | 40,4 | 450 | 85,000 | 60,000 | |

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| | | | Regu | ular Budget Allocations (in US\$) | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--|
| Function/Activity title | Scope | Impl.unit | 44.0/5* | Draft 42 | C/5 | |
| | | | 41 C/5* | Base Case scenario | ZNG scenario | |
| FUNCTION F - Capacity Developm+A47:F62ent | | | 228,418 | 600,180 | 383,720 | |
| CD & TMT&GOSR & Ocean Literacy | GLO | IOC | 49,963 | 180,000 | 60,800 | |
| Ocean Literacy contribution to IP2 | GLO | VNI | | 20,000 | | |
| CD IOCAFRICA | AFR | NAI | 57,315 | 145,180 | 105,900 | |
| CD IOCARIBE | LAC | IOC | 50,570 | 85,000 | 72,340 | |
| CD WESTPAC | APA | BGK | 50,570 | 85,000 | 72,340 | |
| CD INCINDIO | APA | IOC | 20,000 | 85,000 | 72,340 | |
| IOC PROGRAMS NET OPERATIONAL BUDGET | | | 1,713,408 | 3,382,291 | 2,073,978 | |
| Common country programming 1% | | | 17,848 | 33,823 | 20,740 | |
| Evaluations 3% | | | 53,544 | 101,469 | 62,219 | |
| IOC Training & Development | | | | 20,000 | | |
| IOC Operating costs | | | 50,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 | |
| TOTAL NON STAFF | | | 1,834,800 | 3,587,583 | 2,206,937 | |
| TOTAL STAFF COSTS | | | 9,401,200 | 9,959,017 | 9,464,463 | |
| TOTAL | | | 11,236,000 | 13,546,600 | 11,671,400 | |
| *as approved by the IOC Assembly through IOC Resolution | on A-31/2 - re | f. document IO | C/A-31/4.2.Doc | | | |



PROPOSED BUDGETARY ALLOCATION FOR THE IOC SPECIAL ACCOUNT – 2024-2025

| FUNCTION/ACTIVITY TITLE | Budget code | Approved budget |
|---|---------------|-----------------|
| IOC Function A - Ocean Research | | 450,000 |
| | 1910RS2042 | 450,000 |
| WCRP | 1910RS2042.1 | 50,000 |
| Ocean Carbon & Acidification | 1910RS2042.2 | 250,000 |
| Impact of climate change on ocean and coastal ecosystems | 1910RS2042.3 | 150,000 |
| IOC Function B - Observing Systems & Data Management | | 1,550,000 |
| | 1910SD2042 | 1,100,000 |
| GOOS design, development, engagement & impact | 1910SD2042.1 | 300,000 |
| Observing system integration & delivery | 1910SD2042.2 | 300,000 |
| Ocean forecast services & applications | 1910SD2042.3 | 200,000 |
| IODE & OBIS | 1910SD2042.4 | 300,000 |
| OceanOPS | 193OPS2042 | 450,000 |
| IOC Function C - Early Warning & Services | | 2,030,000 |
| · · · | 191EWS2042 | 1,180,000 |
| ICG NEAMTWS | 191EWS2042.1 | 100,000 |
| ICG PTWS | 191EWS2042.2 | 250,000 |
| ICG CARIBE-EWS | 191EWS2042.3 | 250,000 |
| TOWs & inter-regional coordination | 191EWS2042.4 | 100,000 |
| IOTIC | 191EWS2042.5 | 80,000 |
| GLOSS - tsunami | 191EWS2042.6 | 300,000 |
| HAB & NIS Research & Monitoring | 191EWS2042.7 | 100,000 |
| ICG-IOTWMS Secretariat | 193EWS2042 | 850,000 |
| IOC Function D - Assessment & Information for Policy | 15521152012 | 450,000 |
| · · | 191AIP2042 | 450,000 |
| Follow-up to SDGs, WOA & State of the ocean reporting | 191AIP2042.1 | 150,000 |
| GEBCO | 191AIP2042.2 | 50,000 |
| Science for reducing nutrient enrichment | 191AIP2042.3 | 100,000 |
| Climate change adaptation in coastal zones | 191AIP2042.4 | 150,000 |
| IOC Function E - Sustainable Management & Governance | | 4,000,000 |
| | 191RCG2042 | 1,000,000 |
| IOC Governance (representation & intersessional coordination) | 191RCG2042.1 | 100,000 |
| IOCARIBE (office support & intersessional coordination) | 191RCG2042.2 | 100,000 |
| IOCAFRICA (office support & intersessional coordination) | 191RCG2042.3 | 100,000 |
| WESTPAC (office support & intersessional coordination) | 191RCG2042.4 | 250,000 |
| IOCINDIO (intersessional coordination) | 191RCG2042.5 | 100,000 |
| UN partnerships, global governance, policy and outreach | 191RCG2042.6 | 150,000 |
| ICAM & Marine Spatial Planning | 191RCG2042.7 | 200,000 |
| Un Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Development | 1011100101111 | 3,000,000 |
| IOC Function F - Capacity Development | | 1,440,000 |
| | 191ICD2042 | 1,440,000 |
| CD coordination (incl. TMT) | 191ICD2042.1 | 350,000 |
| GOSR | 191iCD2042.1 | 100,000 |
| Ocean Literacy | 191ICD2042.3 | 300,000 |
| IOCAFRICA Capacity development workplans | 191ICD2042.4 | 200,000 |
| IOCARIBE Capacity development workplans | 191ICD2042.4 | 120,000 |
| WESTPAC Capacity development workplans | 191ICD2042.6 | 250,000 |
| IOCINDIO Capacity development workplans | 191ICD2042.7 | 120,000 |
| | 1311002042.7 | 9,920,000 |