



Ocean Observing Co-Design by The Global Ocean Observing System

Supporting the Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Development by transforming our ocean observing system assessment and design process.

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by The Global Ocean Observing System



Ocean Observing Co-Design will transform our ocean observing system assessment and design process by:

- 1. developing a more user-focused co-design process to create a fit for purpose, integrated and responsive observing system;
- 2. involving existing efforts and new technologies, and modelling, forecast and service communities;
- 3. building the process, infrastructure and tools, to inform investment and benefit society.



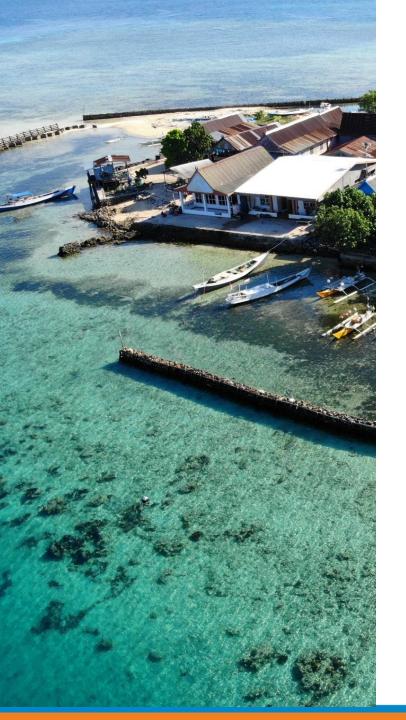


UPDATE: summary

- Exec / initial planning group met
- Key partners: ECMWF, WCRP, C3S, IODE, MOi, CMEMS, GCOS, MBON, SOCIB, UNEP-WCMC, IOC Marine Policy, IMOS, NOAA, Bio-Eco Panel, WMO, ET-MIE

Decade programmes: DITTO, ForeSea, OASIS, OBON, MarineLife 2030

- Initial 'Exemplar Areas' for project work discussed
- Co-Advisory board [ForeSea /CoastPredict] establishment-in-progress
- Engagement with G7 on review & planning for a Workshop in early 2022
- Link to EuroSea plans for a technical workshop March / April 2022





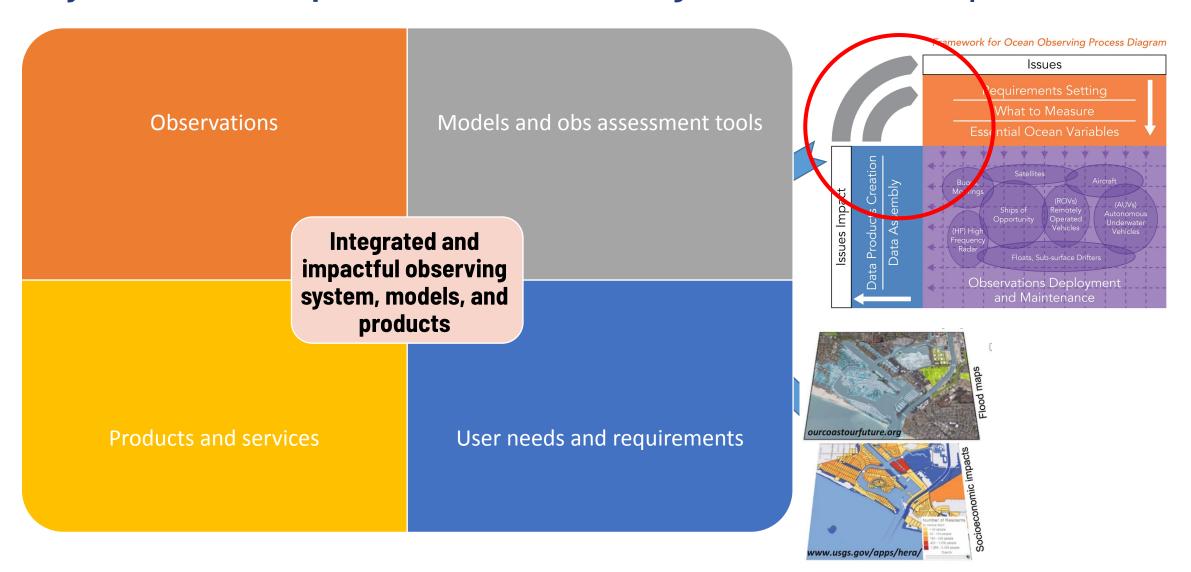
UPDATE: Projects allocated to this Programme

[initiating engagement in Dec]

- Ocean Decade Odyssey Ocean Decade Instrument Support Initiative
- Study of recent behavior of Cyclones and Marine Heatwaves
- Integrated Ocean Observing Across the Northwest Atlantic
- COCAS: Coastal Observatory for Climate, CO₂ and Acidification for the Global South society
- Ocean Monitoring and Prediction Network for the Sustainable
 Development of the Gulf of Mexico and the Caribbean
- Science Monitoring And Reliable Telecommunications [SMART]
- Animal-Borne Ocean Sensors: A decadal vision through new eyes
- OneArgo
- Integrated Ocean Carbon Observing System
- EarthScope-Oceans: 300 MERMAIDS
- GO-SHIP Evolve



Projects around 'exemplar' areas will drive co-design, foster connections, produce answers

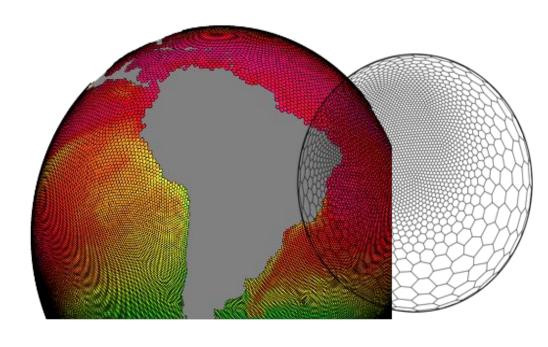




Projects around 'exemplar' use areas

Examples with users

- Carbon Budgets national policy makers, those assessing carbon storage
- Heatwaves national weather services, industry, public
- **Coastal storm surge inundation** coastal managers, urban planners, coastal industries & communities
- Marine heatwaves aquaculture, fisheries
- Climate assessment UNFCCC
- Extreme weather events coastal communities, local authorities, national governments



Different exemplar areas are more mature than others for service delivery, model and observing maturity - different levels will be addressed



TIMELINE: Phase 1

2021 2022 2023 2024

Identify exemplars

Consult to set priorities & outcomes for exemplars

Co-design projects for implementation with partners

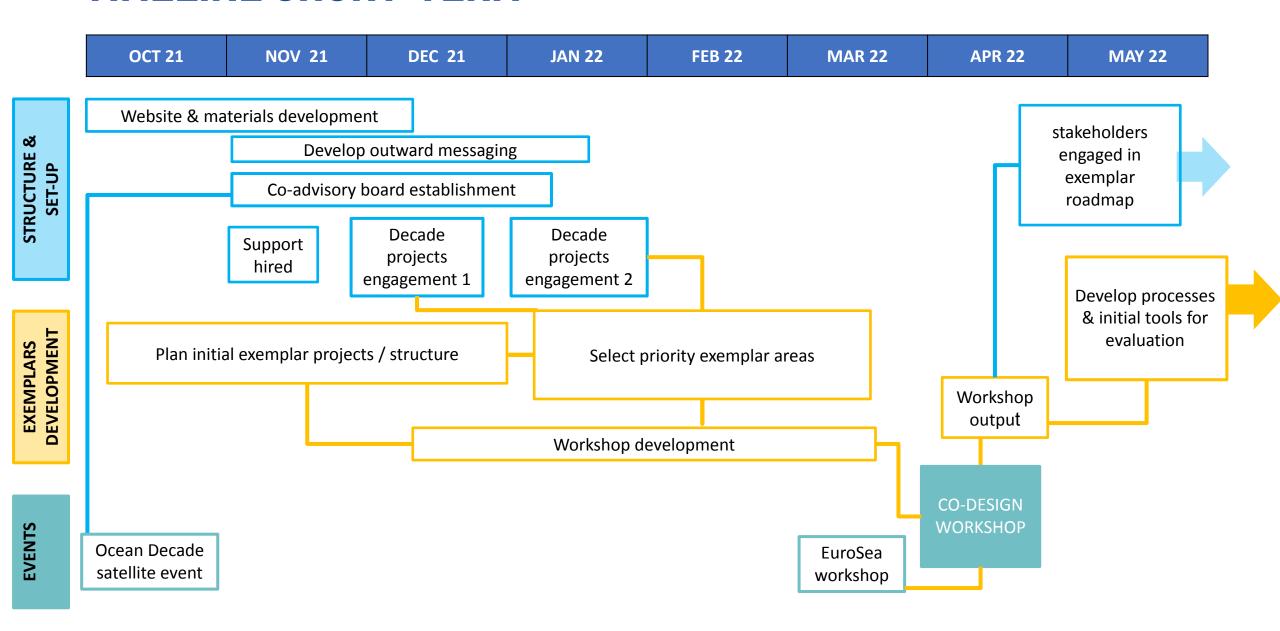
Source investment and project alignment

Develop processes & initial tools to evaluate the status of the observing system to meet users' needs.

Testing & best practice development.



TIMELINE SHORT-TERM







Co-Design Workshop

- Evaluate lessons learned from previous observing system reviews and evaluations to guide development of exemplars.
- Agree on potential priority exemplars based on observing system gaps, risks, policy priorities and feasibility.
- ➤ What does success look like?: Develop what constitutes actionable outcomes for all investors (incl. partners) from a successful co-design project.
- Identify capability (projects, infrastructure, resources) required to support development of initial exemplars.
- Identify gaps and questions to be addressed.





OPPORTUNITIES

- G7 longer term support in aligning national initiatives? (G7 FSOI Framework)
- Positive response to the exemplar area approach and engagement with key partners in the modelling community
- Resource and linked engagement from WMO
- Difference in value chain readiness for delivery should be part of what we assess, provides more information on design of a system
- Projects are allocated, how do we work with them?
- Better leverage the Decade funding mechanisms





CHALLENGES

- Exemplars are new and complex projects to develop: steady progress needed to develop to a fundable stage and importantly align with existing activities
- Engagement with Bio-Eco panel so this voice is heard for defining exemplars:
 outside OSSEs, qualitative approach, different tools needed
- Considerable uncertainty about funding mechanisms, a lot of noise in the system
- Same people are required in numerous places: challenge of this new level of collaboration/coordination

ACTION: Reach out to partners one-to-one to develop engagement, especially Bio-Eco Panel and WMO

ACTION: Ask SC to engage and think about how GOOS can leverage its contacts to provide lift to the initial exemplar projects

COMMENTS AGREED ACROSS THE THREE PROGRAMMES:

- Thanks to the Ocean Decade Team for the increased visibility and catalysing discussions/strategising across government, science, NGOs and industry.
- GOOS should advance its communication to diverse communities, focusing on policy makers and research institutions of the Members States.
- GOOS should ensure that Decade programmes are integrated (good effort thus far!).
- GOOS should clarify how the Decade programmes will be implemented within the GOOS structure.
- There is a lack of implementation resources for the GOOS Programmes and projects (in contrast to the resourced Ocean Decade office)
 - Programmes / projects need to receive implementation support (and resources to coordinate planning).
 - Although project level is perhaps an easier route for investment, the Programmes put them into a framework for societal impact, to deliver new standards and benefit multiple users/projects.
 - Proposed GOOS UN Decade Programmes are important and fundable entities within the Ocean Decade,
 GOOS AND the Decade need to work on raising their funding profile.